

2015

UNIVERSITY *of* NORTH CAROLINA
PEMBROKE



Annual Security and Fire Report

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Message from Chancellor Robin Cummings



The University of North Carolina at Pembroke was founded with the purpose of transforming lives through education. Paramount to achieving this goal is establishing a safe, secure, and robust campus environment. It requires the cooperation of everyone to ensure our students, faculty, staff, and visitors are free to experience all of the wonderful opportunities UNC Pembroke has to offer.

Thank you for taking the time to read our Annual Security and Fire Report which contains information about our campus safety measures, policies, and statistics about crime.

It is our goal that you become an active member of BraveNation who is informed as to your responsibilities of promoting safety and security across campus.

Dr. Robin G Cummings
Chancellor

Message from the Director of Police & Public Safety

On behalf of UNC Pembroke Police and Public Safety, I want to thank you for taking the time to read our annual security report. UNCP Police and Public Safety is responsible for providing a safe and secure environment to promote the learning experience and educational growth of the University Community; however, keeping our campus safe requires the cooperation of the entire University community. This report contains information that will enable you to better protect yourself and assist us in our efforts. The Police and Public Safety Office is located directly behind the University Bookstore to the north of Oak Hall in the Auxiliary Services Building.

UNCP Police and Public Safety is a full service law enforcement agency whose officers are trained professionals, certified by the North Carolina Criminal Justice and Standards Commission. Officers are vested with all powers of arrest within the University Community and on all property owned or leased by UNC Pembroke and that portion of any public road or highway that passes through campus or adjoins the campus. UNCP Police and Public Safety has mutual aid agreements with all municipal departments within Robeson County to include the Robeson County Sheriff's Office as well as the North Carolina State Highway Patrol.

If you have any questions or concerns, you can personally contact me or any UNCP officer:

Phone: (910) 521-6235

In person: At the UNCP Police & Public Safety Office

E-mail: police@uncp.edu

Anonymous and confidential online form:

http://www.uncp.edu/police/report_crime/form.htm

Chief McDuffie Cummings

Director, Police and Public Safety



Policies for Preparing ASR - Disclosure of Crime Statistics

The University of North Carolina at Pembroke Annual Security and Fire Report is published each year. It is available to the public for inspection October 1 of each calendar year to provide information on security related services offered by UNCP and to provide crime statistics to be in compliance with the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act (Clery). Specifically the report will contain:

- Annual crime statistics of the three most recent calendar years prior to the named year of the Annual Security and Fire Report that occurred on or within its Clery geography, and that are reported to local police agencies or to a Campus Security Authority
- Campus security policy statements
- Procedure for Emergency Notifications and Timely Warning requirements
- How to report a crime or suspicious activity
- Drug and alcohol policy statements
- In-place emergency policies and procedures for all hazards, natural and man-made
- Information on crime prevention program initiatives presented by the University
- Crime prevention and safety tips
- Fire Safety Report for the three most recent calendar years prior to the named year of the Annual Security and Fire Report

The report is prepared with information provided and maintained by the UNCP Police and Public Safety, Office of Housing and Residence Life, UNCP Athletic Department, Office of Student Affairs, Student Health Services, Office of Greek Life and any named entity who has been identified by the University to have significant responsibility for student and campus activities. Additionally, information provided by the Pembroke Police Department, the Robeson County Sheriff's Office and other law enforcement agencies that have jurisdiction where the University has a physical presence concerning academic instruction or campus activities has been included to provide statistics for non-campus buildings or property, and on public property immediately adjacent to the University.

It is the responsibility of the UNCP Police and Public Safety to compile these statistics, policies and related information into the Annual Security and Fire Report for availability to the public. Notification will be made through campus wide email to faculty, students and staff of UNC Pembroke and will note the Annual Security and Fire Report can be viewed online with the exact URL of the report and a brief list of its contents contained therein. Additional notification will also be shown on the UNCP Police and Public Safety website for those who do not have a campus email account. Also, the posting will notify the public that a paper copy will be available upon request at the UNCP Police and Public Safety office. Furthermore, additional notices of the Annual Security and Fire Report will be disclosed at those university departments and offices that are concerned with prospective students and employees of the university and new hires and students of the university, for inspection. These notices will provide information on the availability of the Annual Security and Fire Report, a list and brief description of the report's contents and the opportunity to request a paper copy of the report.

UNCP Police & Public Safety

UNCP Police and Public Safety consists of 16 police officers who are trained and certified by the North Carolina Criminal Justice Training and Standards Division. Each officer must attain their Basic Law Enforcement Training certificate as mandated through North Carolina Criminal Justice Training and Standards and additionally complete a minimum of 40 hours of yearly in-service training to keep their certification active. Additional in-service training relevant to college and university settings and issues are also taken to supplement the experience of the officers at the department. UNC Pembroke Police Officers are trained in CPR, first aid, and rapid deployment. The department is responsible for a number of campus safety and security programs including education programming, physical

security, security technology, threat assessment on individuals that come to the attention of campus police, and special event management. Officers are authorized to carry firearms and also have the authority to arrest anyone involved in criminal activity within the University campus, including all property owned or leased by UNC Pembroke, and the portions of any public road or highway passing through or adjoining the campus. All criminal incidents are investigated by campus police and/or in conjunction with the Pembroke Police Department, Robeson County Sheriff's Department or North Carolina State Bureau of Investigation (NC SBI). If offenses involving violations of University rules and regulations or state/local laws are committed by a UNCP student at any off-campus location, these violations should be reported to UNCP Police and Public Safety by the charging agency, and the student may also be referred to Student Affairs for disciplinary action.

UNC Pembroke Police and Public Safety has a mutual aid agreement with all law enforcement agencies within Robeson County to request mutual aid on incidents based on a reasonable belief that such aid will enhance the public's and/or officer safety and efficiency. Campus police routinely shares information, manpower and equipment when the need arises with other agencies in this agreement. When these mutual aid agreements are invoked for assistance on campus, the agencies that are members of the agreement also have arrest and/or investigative power to assist campus police in their efforts to investigate a crime. Additionally, other agencies that may not be in the mutual aid agreement that UNCP Police and Public Safety is a part of may have certain jurisdictional interest by its very nature (NC SBI, NC Alcohol Law Enforcement, NC Probation and Parole, FBI, etc...) and may impose its jurisdictional powers upon campus.

How to Report a Crime/Suspicious Activity

The University encourages all students, staff and faculty to report all crimes or suspected criminal activities to campus police or to the appropriate police agency where the crime occurred. Reports should be made promptly and fully and should provide as much information as possible. The UNCP Police and Public Safety phone number is 910-521-6235. Campus police is housed in the Auxiliary Services Building on Faculty Row, across from Oak Hall and adjacent to Lot 14 on the west side of campus. Please note that if 911 is dialed while you are still on campus you will be connected with the Robeson County Sheriff's Office in Lumberton, NC. Additionally note that while you still will be assisted by the Sheriff's Office, your time for receiving service may be slightly longer as County Communications will then have to contact UNCP Police and Public Safety to make them aware of the call. It is recommended that the UNCP Police and Public Safety main line (910-521-6235) is used to report any crime or emergency that occurs on campus.

To report matters that occur in the Town of Pembroke jurisdictional area, the Pembroke Police Department's number is 910-521-4333 or 911 (Pembroke PD has its own 911 line). For matters occurring within the Robeson County Sheriff's Office jurisdictional area, the Sheriff's Department number is 910-671-3170 or 911. Additionally, any individual may, if they choose not to report directly to campus police a crime or criminal activity, contact other individuals on campus designated by the University to receive reports or information on crime that has already occurred or is currently on-going.

Individuals may also report to Campus Security Authorities, which are individuals who have significant responsibilities with campus and student activities on campus. Examples of these individuals include but are not limited to campus police officers, Director of Human Resources, Director of Student Conduct, Director of Greek Life, and the Athletic Director.

UNCP also has in place an anonymous crime reporting link for individuals to report crime. Blue light phones and emergency call boxes located within residence halls, academic buildings, university grounds, and administrative and business services buildings on campus can also be employed for individuals to report crime. In the event of an emergency, key offices within the campus community

have been equipped with a telephone panic button that allows office personnel to have immediate contact with the University Police. At the push of a button, a pre-recorded message alerts the police of the activation location and request for immediate police response.

If you witness a crime happening in your presence:

- **DO NOT ATTEMPT TO APPREHEND OR INTERFERE** with any criminal activity except in cases of self-protection.
- If safe to do so, stop and take the time to get a good description of the criminal. Note height, weight, sex, race, clothing, age and name, if known.
- Call UNCP Police and Public Safety at 910-521-6235. Give your name and location. Advise the police of the situation, and if safety allows, remain where you are until a Police Officer arrives.
- Utilize the Emergency Blue Light Telephones, which are strategically located throughout campus. A caller just has to push a button to activate the telephone to contact Police & Public Safety. In addition to reporting emergencies, the phones can be used to request motorist assistance and escort service. For the locations of the phones, visit www.uncp.edu/police/phones.

Because certain information in police reports is subject to disclosure by public records law, we cannot hold the entire crime report in confidence. Confidential reports, for purposes of inclusion in the annual disclosure of crime statistics, can generally be made to other campus security authorities as discussed in other sections of this annual security report.

If crimes are never reported, little can be done to help other members of the community from being victims. UNCP encourages all campus community members and visitors to UNCP to report crimes promptly to campus police, and to participate in and support crime prevention efforts. This philosophy of community policing promotes a safer environment for all who learn, work, and live on campus. It should be the responsibility of all campus community members to be accountable for their own safety and the safety of others while working with campus police.

The following chart lists a number of Campus Security Authorities that an individual can report crime to if their first option is not to contact campus police or another police agency. While this list is not exhaustive, please remember that a Campus Security Authority is anyone that has significant responsibilities for campus and student activities on campus.

UNIVERSITY POLICE			
Chief	910-521-6235	University Police Officers	910-521-6235
Detective	910-521-6869	Security Officer	910-521-6235
STUDENT AFFAIRS			
VC Student Affairs	910-521-6175	Assoc. VC Student Affairs	910-521-6851
Assoc. VC Campus Safety & Emergency Operations	910-775-4500	Dir. Career Center	910-521-6270
Dir. Greek Life	910-775-4307	Dir. Housing & Residence Life	910-775-4253
Assoc. Dir. Residence Life	910-775-4131	Univ. Community Director, Village Apartments	910-775-4130

Univ. Community Director, Pine Hall	910-775-4132	Univ. Community Director, Cypress Hall	910-775-4506
Univ. Community Director, Belk Hall	910-521-6258	Univ. Community Director, University Courtyard	910-775-4516
Univ. Community Director, Oak Hall	910-775-4251	Dir. Campus Recreation	910-521-6586
Univ. Center & Programs Senior Director	910-521-6584	Dir. Diversity & Inclusion	910-521-6508
Director Community & Civic Engagement	910-775-4497	Dir. Student Conduct	910-521-6851
Dir. Student Involvement & Leadership	910-521-6577		
ATHLETICS			
Athletic Director	910-521-6227	Assoc. AD / Compliance	910-775-4108
Head Coach-Baseball	910-521-6810	Head Coach-Basketball (M)	910-521-6343
Head Coach-Basketball (W)	910-521-6345	Head Coach-Cross Country (M)/(W)	910-521-6307
Head Coach-Football	910-775-4110	Head Coach-Golf (M)/(W)	910-775-4113
Head Coach-Soccer (M)	910-775-4436	Head Coach-Soccer (W)	910-521-6442
Head Coach-Softball	910-521-6308	Head Coach-Tennis	910-521-6809
Head Coach-Track & Field (M)/(W)	910-521-6307	Head Coach-Volleyball	910-775-4117
Head Coach Wrestling	910-775-4116		
ACADEMIC AFFAIRS			
Provost	910-521-6211	Vice Chancellor for Advancement	910-521-6184
Director Marching Band	910-521-6230	Dir. Military Science (ROTC)	910-775-4217
Dir. Student Development	OPEN	TRIO Director of Programs	910-521-6276
Director International Programs	910-521-6630	Director Honors College	910-521-6630

Voluntary Confidential Reporting of Crimes

UNCP Police and Public Safety understands an individual's right to report a crime anonymously for that individual's personal reasons. To accommodate this, the University has a confidential reporting

process and can be found at the following link:

<http://www.uncp.edu/student-life/student-services/police-public-safety/report-crime>

You will need to enter all the required (marked with a red asterisk) information for submission of the report. Make all attempts to answer each question as descriptive and accurately as possible. After filling in each field, once you click “submit,” the report is sent to UNCP Police and Public Safety. Based on the timeliness, validity, and relevance of the information in the report, campus police will follow up on the report to determine if the received report represents an on-going threat to the campus community. Additionally, an incident report will be prepared if the incident had not been previously reported. All subsequent reports of the same incident will be compiled in the original report for investigative purposes. It is strongly encouraged though that this anonymous reporting process be used for crimes that already have occurred.

If a crime is in progress, please call 910-521-6235 so the response from campus police can be immediate.

Confidential Reporting through Pastoral and Professional Counselors

There are two types of individuals who, although they have significant responsibility for student and campus activities, are not campus security authorities under Clery:

- Pastoral counselor: A person who is associated with a religious order or denomination, is recognized by that religious order or denomination as someone who provides confidential counseling, and is functioning within the scope of that recognition as a pastoral counselor.
- Professional counselor: A person whose official responsibilities include providing mental health counseling to members of the institution’s community and who is functioning within the scope of his or her license or certification. This definition applies even to professional counselors who are not employees of the institution, but are under contract to provide counseling at the institution. (Source: [Chapter 4, Collecting Statistics: Campus Security Authorities and Law Enforcement Agencies P. 77-78. The Handbook for Campus Safety and Security Reporting](#))

The pastoral or professional counselor exemption is intended to ensure that these individuals can provide appropriate counseling services without an obligation to report crimes they may have learned about. This exemption is intended to protect the counselor-client role. However, even the legally recognized privileges acknowledge some exemptions, and there may be situations in which counselors are in fact under a legal obligation to report a crime.

To be exempt from disclosing reported offenses, pastoral or professional counselors must be acting in the role of pastoral or professional counselors. An individual who is not yet licensed or certified as a counselor, but is acting in that role under the supervision of an individual who meets the definition of a pastoral or professional counselor, is considered to be one for the purposes of the Clery Act. However, an individual with dual roles, one as a professional or pastoral counselor and the other as an official who qualifies as a campus security authority, and the roles cannot be separated, that individual is considered a campus security authority and is obligated to report Clery crimes of which they are aware. An individual who is counseling students and/or employees, but who does not meet the Clery definition of a pastoral or professional counselor, is not exempt from being a campus security authority if they otherwise have significant responsibility for student and campus activities.

If an individual discloses to a pastoral or professional counselor that he or she has been a victim of a crime, those counselors, if and when they deem appropriate, will inform the individuals they are counseling of any procedures to report the crime on a voluntary, confidential basis for inclusion of the crime in the annual disclosure of crime statistics. If reporting a crime to Student Health Services on campus, please note that individuals there will not disclose any identifiable information about the

victim, but will notify campus police of its knowledge of a crime for its inclusion in the annual disclosure of crime statistics if the victim so chooses.

Security of and Access to Campus Facilities

Building security is a primary function of the UNCP Police and Public Safety. Instructional and administrative facilities are generally open to the public during normal business hours and are locked at the conclusion of the last class of the day by UNCP Police and Public Safety. Facilities Operations at the beginning of each day opens each building for the commencement of activity. Individuals who need access to any of the facilities after normal working or instructional hours will need to notify UNCP Police and Public Safety for prior arrangement to gain access and to show proof of authorization of the person or department in charge of the facility or area.

UNC Pembroke employs its own staff for the regular maintenance and upkeep of its facilities and areas which includes locksmiths and personnel trained in the repair and upkeep of doors, windows and other security related maintenance, as well as landscaping and trimming of plants that may obstruct people from viewing suspicious activity. In the event that an issue arises for the repair or maintenance of any security type fixture (broken windows, locks, doors, non-working lighting, fire alarms, etc...) all attempts are made to repair the malfunctioning or broken equipment that day the request is made. Security surveys are done to make determinations if additional improvements can be made to improve existing conditions within and around campus buildings to promote a safe environment.

Housing

Residential Facilities and Policies

Students living on campus have a special responsibility to one another. Services and programs intended to enhance the quality of life and ensure the safety of the resident student body are a major priority for Student Affairs, Housing and Residence Life, and Police & Public Safety staff. Live-in Community Directors receive training to enforce residence hall security and fire safety policies, to instill community development and to enhance the campus living experience. They are available weekdays, weekends and evening hours to assist students.

The University provides coeducational housing in a variety of configurations, some with set visitation hours. Residents must escort guests at all times. All residence hall doors accessing living areas remain locked 24 hours a day with access restricted to residents. Perimeter security to some University-owned residence halls is maintained by a WAPAC access system. The Village apartments are accessed by means of a traditional key-in-lock system. All on-campus residence facilities are closed during most holidays, vacations and when the University is closed. During low occupancy periods, such as the summer terms, students remaining on campus may be moved into concentrated areas of the residence life complex to enhance security effectiveness. When the campus is closed, residence facilities may also be closed. Those few students who are authorized to live on campus during that time are registered with the Housing and Residence Life Office, and special security procedures are established. UNCP Police & Public Safety and Housing and Residence Life personnel work diligently to make the residence halls safe, but their efforts can be easily negated through a lack of cooperation from residents. The involvement of students in the campus security program is critical to its success. Failure to heed the following precautions can expose residents to loss of property or possibly physical harm.

Students must assume responsibility for their safety, the safety of others and the security of property by taking simple, common sense precautions such as:

- Report unusual activities to UNCP Police & Public Safety
- Never admit unfamiliar people into the residence halls
- Lock room doors and windows when leaving

- Report lost keys immediately to Housing and Residence Life staff
- Report solicitors or unfamiliar people to UNCP Police & Public Safety
- Ensure residence hall exit doors are not propped open
- Become familiar with the locations of the Emergency Blue Light Telephones
- Ask visitors to identify themselves and whom they are visiting
- Be aware of surroundings and other people
- Carry keys at all times and never lend them to others
- Travel at night with a friend in well-lit areas or call campus police for an escort

Inspections surveying the security integrity of University housing are conducted periodically. Repairs are made promptly, locks are quickly replaced when keys are reported lost or stolen, and reports of potential safety hazards, such as broken windows, receive immediate response. Access to on-campus housing by University employees is on an “as needed” basis.

After normal working hours, UNC Pembroke has an on-call facilities employee that will make all attempts to repair or replace the malfunctioning or broken equipment. Maintaining adequate lighting on campus is essential to discouraging crime on campus and to creating a secure environment for individuals who find themselves out on campus at night. UNCP Police and Public Safety are constantly vigilant for noting any non-working lighting fixtures and request repair orders as expeditiously as possible. All University repair and maintenance personnel are in uniform or display identification to allow for easy recognition by residents.

The UNCP campus is well-lit, and further improvements to campus lighting are continually being considered on buildings, in parking lots, in areas with heavy landscaping and along sidewalks and pathways frequently traveled by students. Representatives from segments of the campus community, including students, Student Affairs, Facilities Management and campus visitors are always welcome both in academic buildings and residence areas. Information regarding Housing and Residence Life policies and procedures are in the Student Handbook online at: <http://www.uncp.edu/sa/handbook>. Residents must adhere to the Visitation Regulation in Student Housing by providing an escort to their guests at all times and maintaining responsibility for the actions of their visitors. Safety and security procedures, room security precautions and other topics are discussed with residents in crime prevention seminars, in residence hall meetings conducted by Community Directors and Housing Staff and in printed materials.

The UNCP Housing Contract states the University reserves the right to refuse a student admittance or continuance in housing if the student fails to meet University requirements or to adhere properly to University policies or regulations.

Off-Campus Student Residences

Off-campus housing includes apartments, private homes, individual rooms or apartments within private homes. Crime prevention programs emphasizing what students can do to protect themselves are available. The Pembroke Police Department, Robeson County Sheriff's Office or other local law enforcement agencies respond to and investigate criminal incidents at off-campus residences.

The University reserves the right to charge an organization or individual with a violation of campus policy for off-campus infractions based upon sufficient evidence but does not provide supervision for off-campus housing other than those properties owned by UNCP.

Fire Safety Practices and Standards

Fire safety and prevention is of paramount importance in a campus living environment, where the primary responsibility rests on each resident. Approximately 1,900 resident students live in two (2) six-story (Belk & North Halls), two (2) four-story (Oak & Pine Halls), one five-story (Cypress Hall), and two

(2) apartment complexes (University Courtyard & University Village), both containing six (6) buildings each. Each residence hall is equipped with fire alarm systems by Simplex-Grinnell and monitored by Holmes Electric. Each residence hall and apartment is equipped with fire sprinkler systems, smoke detectors and portable fire extinguishers. The University Village Apartments are equipped with local smoke detectors and portable fire extinguishers in each apartment. All buildings at UNCP are smoke-free. Smoking is restricted within 100 feet of any building or outdoor sporting arena. For health and safety reasons, certain appliances and items may not be used or possessed in the residence halls. Appliances with heating elements are prohibited (e.g., coffee pots, hot plates, hot pots, cooking coils, George Foreman-type grills, etc.). Cooking appliances such as stoves may only be used in the kitchen area of the University Village and Courtyard Apartments. Grills are not permitted within the residence halls. Open flames and flammable liquids are also prohibited (e.g., oil lamps, candles, gasoline, incense, etc.).

Mandatory, supervised fire drills are scheduled twice per semester in each residence hall and apartment complex. These drills incorporate the Residence Life Staff, UNCP Police & Public Safety and Facility Operations. When a fire alarm is activated, all residents must completely and immediately evacuate the building. Treat every activated fire alarm as a real threat — don't assume that the alarm is false. Residents should become familiar with the location of all emergency exits, fire alarms and extinguishers in residences and academic buildings. In the event of a fire, pull the nearest fire alarm pull station to activate the system, which notifies others to evacuate the building. Immediately call UNCP Police & Public Safety to ensure that the alarm was received. Evacuate at least 300 feet away from the building in order to provide fire responders sufficient space to operate in the event of an actual emergency.

Members of the campus community should report all fires to UNCP's Police & Public Safety at (910) 521-6235. Federal law requires that a log be maintained for all fires occurring in campus housing and that this log be available for review during regular business hours. This log will be maintained by the UNCP Police & Public Safety along with the Departmental Daily Crime Log.

Designated Areas for Housing Residents to Report During Severe Weather

Pine and Oak Halls: Move from rooms to ground floor hallways; stay clear of glass and entrance doors.

North Hall: Congregate along the ground floor of the Education building; stay clear of glass entrance doors.

Belk Hall: Congregate along the ground level corridor of Moore hall; stay clear of glass entrance doors.

University Village Apartments: Congregate to Dial Building, first floor; stay clear of glass entrance doors.

Cypress Hall: Congregate to ground floor of the building; stay clear of glass and entrance doors.

University Courtyard Apartments: Move from rooms into suite hallways; stay clear of windows and entrance doors.

Security Awareness Programs Policy Statement

In order to change from a traditional "reactive" policing model to a proactive mode of policing, UNCP Police and Public Safety has stressed a community policing philosophy to bring about more effective police services to the campus community. The initiative has two components: one is that it fosters more direct contact between campus police and the campus community where exchange of information is greater relating to police related matters; and two, the security awareness programs presented by campus police to the campus community allows for proactive measures to be made so the incidence of crime on campus is reduced as all parties assume responsibility for their own security and others.

The security programs presented to the campus community to achieve this initiative are as follows:

Theft Prevention Programs - These programs fall under two titles: 1) owner applied numbering and recording, which is used in Operation PIN and Bicycle registration initiatives, which is a year-long program; and 2) lecture or presentation based programs designed to provide options, ideas, and tips to protect personal property from theft.

Drug and Alcohol Awareness Programs - Programs are lecture based and web based, both planned throughout the school year or when requested by an entity on campus. These programs are designed to make students aware of the dangers of use of drugs and alcohol to include addiction or residual events after use of these substances such as sexual assault. Long-term effects, both physical and social, are addressed. Additionally, all new incoming students to the University are required to participate and complete AlcoholEDU, an interactive web based program that attempts to impact both individual behavior and campus culture on alcohol consumption. By addressing this issue before the incoming student becomes fully acclimated into college life, the program creates a learning experience that motivates behavior change, resets unrealistic expectations about the effects of alcohol, links choices about drinking to academic and personal success, helps students practice safer decision-making, and engages students to create a healthier campus community. For more information on this program, go to

<http://www.outsidetheclassroom.com/solutions/higher-education/alcoholedu-for-college.aspx>

Sexual Assault Awareness Programs - This initiative can be addressed in conjunction with drug and alcohol awareness initiatives and includes content related to definitions of what constitutes sexual assault, myths, facts, prevention and identification of “date rape” drugs often used to render victims mentally and physically incapable of their processes. Additionally a new aspect of this initiative is being introduced to reverse the socially damaging trend that certain types of this behavior is “generally acceptable” on college campuses. Empowering female students to protect themselves from attack is stressed in RAD (Rape Aggression Defense). This program is female only and offered as a one academic credit course.

HAVEN - This program is for all new incoming students and employees to the University. It teaches awareness, prevention, risk reduction, and bystander intervention as it relates to sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence and stalking. The program is web based and monitored by Counseling and Psychological Services (CAPS) for successful completion of the program. A successful passing of a test at the end of the program is required to successfully complete the program.

Fire Awareness Programs - These programs are designed to educate the student to identify potentially dangerous fire hazards that may exist in their living quarters and steps to take in the event of a fire so that risk of injury is minimized. These programs are lecture based.

Safety Escorts - This free service offered by campus police is available 24 hours a day to any student, faculty or staff member of the University who feels his or her safety is compromised.

Situational Awareness/Personal Safety - This program is provided throughout the year on request and teaches about one’s personal safety and to be aware of their surroundings at any time of the day in any location.

Hazing Awareness - This program is provided throughout the year on request and addresses what hazing is, groups or organizations that historically have used hazing practices and alternative choices if faced with a hazing situation.

As the need arises to make the campus community aware of issues that are prevalent on college campuses nationwide, more programs are being designed for implementation in the coming future. Currently, these safety programs are available upon request but are also stressed during those times of the year when a nationwide awareness initiative is set for these issues. As a result, these programs are presented during these times.

Monitoring and Reporting of Off-Campus Criminal Activity

In accordance with the Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act, it is

noted here for purposes of informing the reader that UNC Pembroke currently does not have any recognized off-campus student organizations for monitoring of records of any criminal activity at that off-campus location and therefore no reflection of crimes for this particular aspect is recorded.

Alcohol and Illegal Drugs

UNCP is committed to maintaining an environment of teaching and learning free from illicit drugs and alcohol. The University complies with the requirements of the Drug Free Schools and Communities Act as amended. UNCP Police and Public Safety strictly enforce all federal, state and local laws, as well as University rules and regulations concerning the possession, sale, and use of alcoholic beverages and illegal drugs. Compliance extends to all faculty, students, staff and visitors to the University and relates to all buildings, facilities, grounds, and property controlled by UNCP. For possession of alcoholic beverages at special events on campus, individuals must comply with applicable laws and the event must be approved by UNCP for such beverages to be present or allowed.

Generally, the possession and consumption of alcoholic beverages are not permitted on campus. Kegs are not allowed on campus.

The exceptions apply to individuals who are 21 years and older:

- Meetings or functions when a state alcohol permit has been obtained
- In residence hall rooms or living quarters in compliance with University Policy
- At University-approved tailgating events (home football games), in approved locations, while wearing a University-issued wristband. The only alcoholic beverages that may be consumed at these events are malt beverages and unfortified wines

The complete Alcohol and Drug Policy can be found at:

http://www.uncp.edu/sa/pol_pub/drug_policy.htm

The complete Drug Free Schools and Communities Act can be found at:

<http://www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/osdfs/index.html>

To increase student welfare by increasing awareness of negative consequences of alcohol and other drugs, UNCP Counseling and Psychological Services will:

- Meet with the Committee for Substance Abuse Prevention (CSAP) on a monthly basis for feedback, strategy, and direction on issues related to alcohol use and prevention
- Update, publish and distribute official campus drug policy
- Present drug and alcohol education programs to all FRS100 students; Multiple strategies to provide prevention, treatment, and education of substance abuse issues on campus were implemented throughout the year.

Emergency Notification and Timely Warning Requirements

The Higher Education Opportunity Act (Public Law 110-315) was enacted on August 14, 2008, and reauthorizes the Higher Education Act of 1965 as amended under Title IV. The federal law requires all colleges and universities to have a notification and a warning plan in place to alert the campus community in the event of an emergency. UNC Pembroke has established an [Emergency Notifications Regulation](#), known in this document as the Emergency Notification System (ENS). This multi-channel capable system is intended to rapidly disseminate emergency information in the event of an incident that poses an imminent threat or danger to the UNC Pembroke community. UNCP Police & Public Safety has the responsibility of responding to and summoning the necessary resources to investigate, mitigate, and document any situation that may cause an emergency or dangerous situation.

In addition, UNCP Police & Public Safety has the responsibility to determine if the situation does in fact pose a threat to the community. If that is the case, then federal law requires that the institution immediately notifies those who are affected by the situation, such as the campus community, the

appropriate representatives of the Town of Pembroke, and officials in the surrounding communities. This is done through Timely Warnings and Emergency Notifications.

Timely warnings occur when a Clery Act crime is reported to the UNCP Police & Public Safety, local law enforcement, or a campus security authority. The crime must occur within a specified geographic area and the University considers it to represent a serious or continuing threat to students and employees. The Director of Police & Public Safety or his designee in collaboration with the Associate Vice Chancellor for Campus Safety and Emergency Operations will compose a notification and issue it to the campus community.

Emergency notifications should be issued when it is determined that there is a “significant emergency or dangerous situation involving an immediate threat to the health or safety of students or employees occurring on campus.” This includes all hazards, not just Clery crimes.

The process for activating the ENS protocols begins when a threat or emergency situation is reported to the UNCP Police and Public Safety or to another responsible university authority. These university authorities have been assigned this designation by the Chancellor and are as follows: Chancellor, UNCP Director of Police and Public Safety, UNCP Senior Police and Public Safety officer on duty, Executive Director of Communications and Marketing, Associate Vice Chancellor for Campus Safety and Emergency Operations, Assistant Vice Chancellor for Facility Operations, Director of Student Health Services and the Environmental Health and Safety Officer.

For confirmed threats the individuals named in the above paragraph are responsible authorities and will authorize the emergency notification based on guidelines outlined in university policy. In the event multiple university authorities report the threat to UNCP Police and Public Safety simultaneously or in close proximity to the incoming reports, clarification will be made by the campus police supervisor present to de-conflict and/or clarify the messages and instructions. A determination will be made as to the appropriate segment or segments of the campus community and adjoining populations of UNCP that will receive an emergency notification and the contents contained therein. Once the threats are confirmed by the responsible authority and all incoming information is clarified and non-conflicting, the campus police dispatch will be ordered to issue the message. If the responsible university authority is trained in and has direct access to the ENS, he or she may issue the message to prevent delay. The channels used to disseminate the emergency notifications are as follows:

- Outdoor Emergency Alert System comprised of two sirens positioned on the north and south ends of campus
- BraveAlert (via BraveWeb portal, students, faculty or staff member signs into their BraveWeb account)
- University email to students, faculty and staff
- UNCP Homepage (<http://www.uncp.edu/>)
- Social media that the University disseminates information through (Facebook, Twitter, etc.)
- Emergency Information Hotline 910-521-6888
- Regional and state news media contacts
- The UNCP Police & Public Safety website at www.uncp.edu/police/
- The student newspaper, The *Pine Needle* and its website at www.uncp.edu/pineneedle/
- Notices posted in all campus buildings
- For populations affected by the emergency notification outside the campus jurisdiction, local law enforcement will be notified of the situation and the University’s plan of action to respond to the emergency

Some or all of these methods of communication may be activated in the event of an immediate threat to the campus community. The content will contain, at a minimum, the nature of the incident, location and actions to be taken by affected populations. The messages will follow formatting consistent with the UNCP phone alert system characteristics, that is, regardless of the channel used the message will

contain no more than 160 characters to describe the alert. For non-UNCP alert channels, which is not limited by a maximum amount of characters, these outlets may use additional content as appropriate to further describe the emergency. The messages will not contain names or specific identifying information of victims to protect their identity. Following the initial issuance of an emergency message, there will follow when available and if confirmed, additional information about the alert or incident. When it is determined that the threat or hazard to the campus community no longer exists an all clear notification will be issued. This will be executed by using the same notification options used to make the initial notification. Anyone who has information warranting a timely warning should report the circumstances to the UNCP Police & Public Safety at (910)521-6235. In the event of an on- or off-campus situation that constitutes an ongoing or continuing threat (as ascertained by the judgment of campus administrators), a campus-wide “timely warning” message will be issued by using any or all of the above notification options.

UNCP will, without delay, and taking into account the safety of the community, determine the content of the notification and initiate the ENS, unless the notification will, in the professional judgment of responsible authorities, compromise efforts to assist victims or to contain, respond to or otherwise mitigate the emergency. UNC Pembroke’s complete Emergency Operations Plan can be viewed through the following link: <http://www.uncp.edu/policies/policies%20and%20regs/pol-04.25.03/index.htm>

The channels used to disseminate emergency notifications are tested bi-annually, in the spring and fall semesters of the school year and in conjunction with each other (that is, sirens, email, BraveAlert and phones incorporate the first wave of testing, and a second wave that immediately follows tests the radio equipment and call boxes). These tests may be either announced or unannounced to the campus community and to the community surrounding UNCP. Additionally, daily quiet tests for the siren towers are performed at 6:00 AM and 6:00 PM. Test logs are maintained in the Communications Center console in the Police and Public Safety office and will contain for each test a description of the exercise, the date and time of the test and whether it was announced or unannounced. Additionally, the campus sends out notifications prior to testing that inform UNC Pembroke’s campus community on evacuation and shelter-in-place procedures and its emergency response to such incidents.

Reporting Crime Statistics/Timely Notices

The UNCP Police & Public Safety Department forwards all agency crime reports to the State Bureau of Investigation’s Division of Criminal Information, which is then recorded for use in the FBI’s Uniform Crime Report. Since August 2009, Daily Activity Reports have been posted on the department’s website at www.uncp.edu/police/daily

BraveAlert

In the event it becomes necessary to notify the campus community of a serious threat, including crime-related activities, severe weather or catastrophic accidents, Police and Public Safety has the ability to send immediate notifications via telephone and e-mail. Students, staff and faculty may also receive text messages through BraveWeb by means of BraveAlert, which is UNCP’s emergency alert program. Although not required for the campus community and affected populations to enroll in, BraveAlert provides the fastest and most up-to-date information about an emergency on campus and procedures to follow to keep safe. It is strongly urged that students, faculty, staff, and affected populations of UNCP enroll in this notification system.

Missing Students Policy and Procedure

Purpose

UNCP has established the welfare of students as an important part of its overall mission. The UNCP

Police and Public Safety Department takes pride in its role of maintaining this campus as one of the safest in the country. In keeping with our responsibility, this policy is intended to establish a framework for action in the event that a UNCP student is reported as missing.

Initial Report

The initial report of a missing student may come from virtually any source (friend, roommate, parent, faculty or staff member) and regardless of the source or the time frame the student has been reported missing, such reports should be taken seriously and generally require immediate attention. UNCP Police & Public Safety will not adopt any artificial standard that could serve to delay initiating the search for a student who has been reported as missing. All reports of students living on campus who have been missing for more than twenty-four (24) hours should be made to UNCP Police and Public Safety or in the absence of campus police, to a local law enforcement agency, in this instance, Pembroke Police Department or Robeson County Sheriff's Office if the student lives off-campus. In the event of this latter circumstance, it is the policy of UNCP Police and Public Safety to assist those agencies where the missing person report originated outside of the University jurisdiction. Not wanting to cause undue alarm, circumstance may dictate a limited initial response, but officers must balance the available information about the student with the University's priority of maintaining a safe environment. Any initial report of a missing student will require documentation in the form of a log entry and officer assigned to take a report. In addition, the on duty supervisor must be notified and ensure that immediate steps are taken to try and locate the student.

General Procedures

For a student reported missing who resides in a housing unit for which this Department has jurisdiction, the Officer in receipt of the initial report should immediately ensure that the UNCP Office of Housing and Residence Life staff are aware of the report and their assistance should be requested in performing a welfare check of the student's room as well as attempting to identify friends and associates of the student who was reported missing. Generally, parents or guardians should not be contacted without first consulting the Director for Housing or Vice Chancellor for Student Affairs.

Residential students have the option to identify an individual to be contacted by the institution not later than twenty-four (24) hours after the time that student is determined missing and has the additional option to confidentially identify this individual and his or her telephone number where the confidential information will be maintained by the Office of Housing and Residence Life. The student is responsible for ensuring that the contact information is up-to-date and accurate. Residential students are made known pursuant to this policy that the University will notify the appropriate law enforcement agency not later than twenty-four (24) hours after the time that the student is determined missing. Residential students who are under 18 years of age and not emancipated individuals are exempt from this option and therefore, the University must notify a custodial parent or guardian, regardless, not later than twenty-four (24) hours after the time that the student is determined missing. If the student reported missing lives off-campus, then UNCP will request the assistance of the appropriate jurisdiction in attempting to locate the student. Depending on the individual circumstance, officers may choose to begin interviewing friends and associates in an attempt to gain any helpful information in searching for the missing student. Officers may also search available records to try to identify a student's vehicle and search for that vehicle or assemble a class list in order to check with the student's instructors and classmates.

As an additional step in the process of attempting to locate a missing student, officers should consider use of the National Crime Information Center (NCIC) network to both file an area "Attempt to Locate" notice as well as a national "Missing Person" report.

Criteria for NCIC entries on missing persons

1. A person of any age who is missing and who is under proven physical and/or mental disability or is senile, thereby subjecting that person or others to personal and immediate danger.

2. A person of any age who is missing under circumstances indicating that the disappearance was not voluntary.
3. A person of any age who is missing under circumstances indicating that that person's physical safety may be in danger.
4. A person of any age who is missing after a catastrophe.
5. A person who is missing and declared un-emancipated as defined by the laws of the person's state of residence and does not meet any of the entry criteria set forth in 1-4 above.

The missing student policy can be found on page 43 of the student handbook at:

http://www.uncp.edu/sa/handbook/gen_info.htm#campus_police

Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence and Stalking

University Procedures to Respond

UNCP prohibits the crimes of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence and stalking concerning all individuals who come upon its campus or is a part of a program or event sponsored by UNCP. This section will address these crimes, how they are defined relative to the Violence Against Women Act, and how they are defined in North Carolina. This section will also address procedures to assist law enforcement, suggested actions the victim should take following the occurrence of one of these crimes, and the University's response upon the initial report of one of these crimes.

Upon the initial report of an incident regarding sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking, procedures are in place to ensure that the survivor and the accused are given prompt, efficient, fair, and impartial treatment throughout the entire investigation and hearing proceedings conducted by the University.

Once the investigation of a report of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence or stalking begins, the victim of the complaint will be offered services and the option to assist them in medical and psychological treatment and security for their well-being. Counseling options will be provided with no restrictions to off-campus services if the victim so chooses. Additionally, the University will provide the victim informational literature and one-on-one assistance concerning services relating to the individual's physical health, mental health, victim advocacy, legal assistance, visa and immigration assistance and other available services. If medical treatment is requested by the victim and they have no means of transportation, campus police will provide transport to and from the medical facility. A victim of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence or stalking may request an immediate room change from the Director of Housing and Residence Life if they feel threatened or compromised at their current residence. A room change will be approved if alternative space exists. The individual may also request a lock change and a new telephone number if the assailant had knowledge or prior access to those items. The victim may also sign a request form in the Registrar's Office to remove personal directory information from public access. A victim may also request class schedule changes from the Vice Chancellor for Student Affairs. Such requests will be honored when multiple sections of the classes are available.

This support will be provided by certain University departments/individuals that have been identified as available for assistance to a victim of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence or stalking. Further, these individuals and departments will be able to inform victims of these crimes of community resources and service providers. Additional accommodations will also be made if requested by the victim for transportation and/or working situations. Every effort will be made by the University to make the victim feel cared for and safe. This support is provided to victims of these crimes during the deliberation phase whether they report the incident to campus or local police and even after they make the decision of reporting the incident to law enforcement or not.

The University's complete sexual assault policy can be found online at:

<http://www.uncp.edu/about-uncp/administration/policies-and-regulations/all-policies/sexual-assault-policy>

Procedural Notifications, Hearings, and Disciplinary Procedures

An individual who has been victimized by one of these crimes as it relates to the interest of the University may seek redress through the campus judicial system if the accused is also enrolled or is employed at the University. Such redress may be in conjunction with or in place of pressing formal criminal charges in the court system. Procedures are in place in order to cite a student internally for crimes of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence or stalking. The report must first be reported to the Vice Chancellor for Student Affairs or a designee appointed by the Vice Chancellor, which initiates an investigation. Generally, this is done once campus police learns of the incident through a report from the victim or a Campus Security Authority. It can also be done by the victim, if the victim chose not to report the crime to law enforcement. The Campus Judicial Board convenes in cases when the accused denies the charges. The victim will be required to appear before the Campus Judicial Board to testify against the alleged assailant.

From the onset of the investigation to the final disposition of the matter, both the accuser and the accused will receive simultaneous written notice of the outcome of the disciplinary hearing, the institution's appeal procedures, any changes to the results before the results are declared final, and when the results are final. The University will also provide timely notice of meetings to the accuser and accused and provide timely and equal access to information used during disciplinary meetings and hearings.

Both the accuser and accused are entitled the same opportunity to have others present during an internal disciplinary proceeding, including the opportunity to be accompanied to any related meeting by an advisor of their choice, including attorneys. The University will not limit the choice of advisor or presence for either the accuser or accused in any meeting or institutional disciplinary proceeding; however the University may establish restrictions regarding the extent to which the advisor may participate in the proceedings, as long as the restrictions apply equally to both parties.

To the extent permissible by law, UNCP will protect victim confidentiality as well as the confidentiality of other necessary parties including publicly available records without disclosing identity as well as maintain as confidential any accommodations or protective measures provided to the victim.

The standard of proof to make a determination of judgment of whether a person is responsible or not responsible for committing the alleged act will be a "preponderance of evidence" standard. "Preponderance" is based on the more convincing evidence and its probable truth or accuracy, or evidence which is more likely than not, and not on the amount of evidence. Preponderance of evidence differs from the other standard of "guilty beyond a reasonable doubt," which is the standard used in criminal trials and a stricter test to weigh against the accused's guilt or innocence.

Possible sanctions the University may impose following the results of any institutional disciplinary proceeding for an allegation of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence or stalking includes: verbal or written warning, admonition, written reprimand, censure (if an organization or its identified leaders are found responsible for the above-mentioned acts), restitution, area restrictions, low on-campus housing priority, exclusion from on-campus residency, residence facility relocation, eviction from an on-campus residential facility, conduct probation, social probation, community work/service, suspension, interim suspension, summary suspension, dismissal and expulsion. Immediate suspension of the accused student will occur if the Vice Chancellor for Student Affairs concludes that the person's continued presence at the University would constitute a clear and present danger to the health and welfare of other members of the University community. When such a suspension is imposed, an immediate hearing of the charges against a suspended person shall be held as expeditiously as possible. The penalty for a student found responsible of sexual assault upon another will, at a minimum, be removal from the residence halls if a student is a resident, or in the case of a day student, a ban from the residential areas with a suspension for a period of no less than one (1)

academic year. In severe cases involving forced rape and/or physical injury involving a weapon, the penalty shall be expulsion. Any employee or student enrolled at UNCP who is accused of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence or stalking will be afforded full procedural due process in the investigation and adjudication of the case. This shall include the right to presumption of innocence until proven responsible of the crime and the privilege of self-incrimination.

The accuser and accused will be informed to the best extent possible, simultaneously, of the outcome of any judicial proceedings relative to sexual assault cases. The University maintains for every student who has received any disciplinary sanctions a written discipline record. These files are housed in the Office of Student Affairs for eight (8) years and then are forwarded to the Registrar's Office unless the sanction is suspension or expulsion, where these records are kept in the Office of Student Affairs permanently. Student discipline records are confidential in accordance with state and federal laws. The contents of the student's discipline record may not be revealed to anyone is not associated with the university campus judicial process except upon written request of the student or court-ordered Subpoena. However, upon request, the University will disclose the results of any incident against a student who is an alleged perpetrator of any crime of violence or non-forcible sex offense to the alleged victim of the crime or their next of kin, providing the victim is deceased.

The victim of these crimes of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence or stalking will be notified at the onset that the University will take the complaint seriously and will focus all necessary resources to conduct a thorough investigation into the matter, that their complaint will be kept confidential, and that they will not be retaliated against, intimidated, threatened, coerced, or otherwise discriminated against by any University officer, employee or agent of UNCP for coming forward and making a complaint that they have been victimized. This protection against retaliation, intimidation, coercion, and threats also extends to others, involved in the matter whether on the side of the accuser, accused, investigatory personnel, or those presiding over the matter. This last assurance also compels any employee or agent of the University who has a responsibility to uphold any provision of the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act, Title IX, and the SaVE Act to follow applicable law. The procedures for internal disciplinary action in cases of alleged sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence or stalking are conducted by officials who receive annual training on these issues and how to properly conduct a hearing process that promotes victim safety and promotes accountability.

Students and employees who have been victimized as a result of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence or stalking—regardless of where the offense occurred, off-campus or on campus—has particular rights and options they can exercise when reported to authorities of UNCP. A written explanation of these rights and options will be afforded to them to understand what they are.

For a full description of UNCP procedures concerning procedural notifications and disciplinary procedures, and protective measures UNCP may impose after a final determination regarding rape, acquaintance rape, domestic violence, dating violence, any other sexual assault or stalking, refer to the UNCP 2014-2015 Student Handbook.

For reporting offenses of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence or stalking, the victim or in some cases, the reporting party such as a witness, is strongly urged to report the offense to campus police or to an identified Campus Security Authority. Victims or other persons reporting do have a right to choose either option and if that individual chose a Campus Security Authority, that person has a right to obtain assistance from that authority to notify the police. Victims also have the right not to report the incident to campus police or Campus Security Authorities. The rights of victims is greatly respected by the University and its responsibilities regarding orders of protection, no-contact orders, restraining orders or similar orders issued by a criminal, civil, or tribal court is mandated by Chapter 50B of the North Carolina General Statutes.

Suggested steps for victims after the occurrence of a sexual assault, incident of domestic violence, dating violence or stalking

Sexual Assault

A student who is a victim of sexual assault should immediately report this offense to the proper authorities: to the University Police if on campus, or to local law officials if the offense occurred off campus. UNCP Police and Public Safety will assist the victim in notifying the proper authorities where the offense occurred. The well-being of a student who has been sexually assaulted is a crucial priority. The sooner a sexual assault is reported, the sooner the victim can be treated and tested for pregnancy and sexually transmitted diseases. A victim is reminded to go to a safe place. It is very important to preserve all physical evidence; therefore, the victim should not bathe, shower, douche, brush teeth, rinse mouth or change clothes. The evidence is extremely important if the case goes to court. Calling a friend, family member and/or rape crisis companion to be physically present for emotional support is encouraged. UNCP Student Health Services or Police & Public Safety will provide transportation to the hospital emergency room. A victim of sexual assault should seek the services of UNCP Counseling and Psychological Services (CAPS) or a local rape crisis center. Both have trained professionals that can help the victim and the victim's family members with the aftermath of the assault.

CAPS is located in the James B. Chavis University Center, Room 243. The office number is 910-521-6202. The following is a list of on and off-campus resources for victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence and stalking.

Campus Police	910-521-6235
Student Health Services	910-521-6219
Rape Crisis Center - Robeson County	910-739-6278
Southeastern Family Violence Center	910-739-8622
Southeastern Regional Medical Center	910-671-5000
Rape Crisis Center - Cumberland County	910-485-7273
NC Coalition Against Sexual Assault	910-871-1015
National Sexual Assault Hotline	800-656-4673
Enlightening Native Daughters (END)*	910-522-5055

*END serves primarily Native American women

North Carolina Sex Offender and Public Protection Registry - The State of North Carolina maintains a registry of convicted sex offenders that can be found online at: <http://sexoffender.ncdoj.gov>

Domestic Violence and Dating Violence

Domestic violence and dating violence are issues that are frequently shown to be on the rise year after year on reporting statistics. Domestic violence is seen as more than "actual physical violence." Domestic violence can also occur in various forms of behavior to include: verbal (berating, threats), psychological (isolation and intimidation), and controlling the abused (making them subservient, and choosing whom they can and cannot speak to). North Carolina General Statute §50B-1 defines Domestic Violence as: *Domestic violence means the commission of one or more of the following acts upon an aggrieved party or upon a minor child residing with or in the custody of the aggrieved party by a person with whom the aggrieved party has or has had a personal relationship, but does not include acts of self-defense:*

- (1) Attempting to cause bodily injury, or intentionally causing bodily injury; or
- (2) Placing the aggrieved party or a member of the aggrieved party's family or household in fear of imminent serious bodily injury or continued harassment, as defined in G.S. 14-277.3A, that rises to such a level as to inflict substantial emotional distress; or
- (3) Committing any act defined in G.S. 14-27.2 through G.S. 14-27.7. (*Rape and certain sexual*

offenses involving adults and minors).

For purposes of Chapter 50B, Domestic Violence, a “personal relationship” means **a relationship wherein the parties involved: Are current or former spouses, are persons of opposite sex who live together or have lived together, have a child in common, are current or former household members, and are persons of the opposite sex who are in a dating relationship or have been in a dating relationship. For purposes of this subdivision, a dating relationship is one wherein the parties are romantically involved over time and on a continuous basis during the course of the relationship. A casual acquaintance or ordinary fraternization between persons in a business or social context is not a dating relationship.**

Any person residing in North Carolina may seek relief under this Chapter by filing a civil action or by filing a motion in any existing action filed under Chapter 50B of the General Statutes alleging acts of domestic violence against himself or herself or a minor child who resides with or is in the custody of such person and is able to do so without the assistance of legal counsel. Assistance to seek a motion for emergency relief, temporary orders and temporary custody can be found by reporting the matter to UNCP Police and Public Safety as ordered by North Carolina General Statute §50B-5. An officer, upon request by the victim or complainant may provide a means of transport for the victim or complainant to hospitals, magistrates’ offices, public or private facilities for shelter or to accompany the complainant or victim to their residence to help obtain any item necessary to enable the complainant and minor children to fully function outside the home (procuring food, clothing, medication, and property needed for work related duties). If the court finds, after a hearing, that an act of domestic violence has, in fact, occurred, the court will grant a protective order restraining the defendant from further acts of domestic violence. These sanctions may include, directing a party to refrain from such acts, grant possession of a shared residence to the plaintiff and to have the defendant vacate the residence, order the defendant to refrain from threatening, abusing, or following (stalking) the other party, using telephonic means to harass the plaintiff, or otherwise visiting the home or workplace of the plaintiff, interfering with the plaintiff, prohibit the defendant from possessing or purchasing a firearm or other additional prohibitions a judge deems necessary to provide protection to the plaintiff from the defendant’s potential actions. Protective orders awarded to a plaintiff shall be valid for a fixed period of time not exceeding one year and the court may renew a protective order for good cause. Copies of these orders shall be issued to each party and to the police department or sheriff’s office in which jurisdiction the victim resides. Additionally, when an order is issued, the clerk, as prescribed under §50B-3(c1) will provide an information sheet developed by the Administrative Office of the Courts that includes: domestic violence agencies and services, sexual assault agencies and services, victim’s compensation services, legal aid services, and address confidentiality services where the victim can seek assistance.

The victim of domestic violence who has been awarded an order by the court may file motions for contempt for violations of the order without the assistance of legal counsel if so desired. A person knowingly violating a protective order shall be guilty of a Class A1 misdemeanor or unless covered under some other provision of law providing greater punishment, a person who commits a felony at a time when the person knows the behavior is prohibited by a valid protective order shall be guilty of a felony one class higher than the principal felony described in the charging document.

If the victim of domestic violence chooses not to seek legal means but wishes to seek assistance in the form of counseling, UNC Pembroke CAPS can provide advocacy or support in the form of counseling or may offer options as to where to seek additional advocacy help. Individuals who may know of an individual that is a victim of domestic/dating violence can also make a CARE referral by using the following link:

<https://publicdocs.maxient.com/incidentreport.php?UNCPembroke>

All fields that are noted with a **red asterisk (*)** are required to be filled in. It is additionally important to name the victim being abused and information in the description/narrative that will assist in the

referral.

Additional assistance can be found outside of campus with the following agencies:

Robeson County

Southeastern Family Violence Center – 910-739-8622

Enlightening Native Daughters (END) (serving Native American women) – 910-522-5055

Cumberland County

Fayetteville Family Violence Center – 910-433-1352

To assist law enforcement's efforts in helping an individual through a matter concerning domestic and/or dating violence, or to assist them in obtaining a protective court order, it is a best practice to notify law enforcement immediately after an assault so that any injuries that may have been inflicted on the survivor can be documented by use of photography, and to identify relevant witnesses who may be able to testify in a criminal matter against the accused. Clothing worn during the assault that may have blood stains and/or other body fluids should be saved for evidence collection. Once a report is filed with law enforcement, it is a record that can show abuse patterns or prevalence of abuse toward the victim. Any documentation concerning the event before or *even after the physical assault* should be preserved (for instance, social media posts, text messages, phone call recordings, or written notes about the event, future threats of more violence, and even apology letters from the offender). In matters of dating or domestic abuse stemming from verbal or psychological abuse, any video or audio captures, documentation, again, such as social media posts, text messages, phone call recordings or written notes about the event, future threat of more violence and even apology letters from the offender, should be collected and provided to the appropriate authorities. For abuse relating to finances of a victim, bank statements/credit card statements should be kept for evidence.

Remember, it's NOT O.K. for your boyfriend/girlfriend to:

- Hit or physically abuse you
- Berate you
- Psychologically or mentally abuse you
- Control who you speak to or who your friends are
- Tell you that you cannot end their relationship with them
- Abuse you then have him or her repeatedly "make up" with you saying that they will never do it again.

It IS O.K. for you to:

- Tell someone; a police officer, friend, resident assistant, ANYONE, that you are being abused
- Take control of your life
- Seek criminal charges toward the person abusing you
- Seek options other than criminal charges if you so choose.

Stalking

Stalking in recent years has become a major concern as offenders try to instill fear in their victims by visual, cyber or telephone harassment. The North Carolina General Assembly as a result has enacted laws that prohibit such conduct toward others and the laws vary as to the type and situation of the stalking and harassment with varying levels of punishment. The following methods used to combat this crime not only protect the victim but enables law enforcement to build a solid case against those offenders of stalking and harassment.

If You Are or Feel That You Are Being Stalked

Keep a chronological summary of the events happening to you. This includes, but is not limited to, sightings and locations where the sightings of the stalker takes place, e-mails, social networking site postings, and call logs if the stalking or harassment is made by phone. Inform Campus Police **IMMEDIATELY** of the incidents you are experiencing or if the stalking occurs off-campus report the

incidents to those agencies where jurisdiction lies. If the stalker is a person you have had a prior relationship with and he or she pleads with you to drop the charges against them if any are made on them, **DO NOT GIVE IN TO THEIR PLEAS!** You are only allowing him or her to exert more influence and fear over you. It should be noted that there are two camps as to how to initially deal with stalkers, either by the victim addressing them directly to stop or by having law enforcement act as a representative for you. As a measure of added protection for your personal safety, allow law enforcement to act on your behalf to tell the offender the actions he or she are committing are unwanted and unlawful. By the victim making direct contact with the stalker, this only stokes the courage of the stalker, it empowers the stalker, and he or she feeds off of it. It also places the victim in a potentially dangerous situation one on one with the stalker, which could result in physical injury or worse. If the stalking is reported to law enforcement at the first known onset of the unwanted actions of the offender, request strongly a report of the incident to be made to initiate a "paper trail" for further action. Depending on the type of stalking it may take up to three instances of unwanted behavior (depending again on the type and severity of the actions of the offender) to constitute stalking. You may have other avenues of pursuit to initiate against the stalker to keep you safe. Consult with a law enforcement officer to determine these approaches.

Preventative Measures

- When walking on campus or off campus, walk with others you know in groups of three or more if at all possible.
- Vary your routes whenever possible when going to a building or place you have to frequent often.
- If possible vary the times you travel to these locations. Don't make a predictable itinerary where the stalker knows your every move.
- Prevent personal information about yourself from being easily obtained on-line. There is more about you on the internet than you know!
- Use caution when using social media such as Facebook, Twitter, and Pinterest, and other social networking sites. All too often people place their whereabouts innocently on these sites where stalkers could find them easily or may go to your residence and lie in wait for you to return.
- Let family or friends know where you will be and, as an extra precaution, the routes you are taking whether around the corner or across the country. A stalker will pursue their prey to great lengths to achieve their ends.

North Carolina General Statutes concerning sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence and stalking

The North Carolina General Statutes has a diverse set of laws that define criminal acts that incorporate sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence and stalking. To satisfy certain mandates under the SaVE Act, these statutes, which UNCP falls under the jurisdiction of, will be named here. For detailed elements of each statute refer to <http://www.ncga.state.nc.us/gascripts/Statutes/StatutesTOC.pl?Chapter=0014> for Chapter 14 (Criminal Law) statutes and <http://www.ncga.state.nc.us/gascripts/Statutes/StatutesTOC.pl?Chapter=0050B> for Chapter 50B (Domestic Violence) statutes.

Sexual Assault

Generally, sexual assault refers to some type of unwanted sexual act, contact or touching committed by the assailant upon another person. The North Carolina General Statutes clarifies certain terms that are mentioned in the elements of each crime.

NCGS § 14-27.1. Definitions:

As used in this Article, unless the context requires otherwise:

- (1) **"Mentally disabled"** means (i) a victim who suffers from mental retardation, or (ii) a victim who suffers from a mental disorder, either of which temporarily or permanently renders the victim substantially incapable of appraising the nature of his or her conduct, or of resisting the act of vaginal

intercourse or a sexual act, or of communicating unwillingness to submit to the act of vaginal intercourse or a sexual act.

(2) **"Mentally incapacitated"** means a victim who due to any act committed upon the victim is rendered substantially incapable of either appraising the nature of his or her conduct, or resisting the act of vaginal intercourse or a sexual act.

(3) **"Physically helpless"** means (i) a victim who is unconscious; or (ii) a victim who is physically unable to resist an act of vaginal intercourse or a sexual act or communicate unwillingness to submit to an act of vaginal intercourse or a sexual act.

(4) **"Sexual act"** means cunnilingus, fellatio, anilingus, or anal intercourse, but does not include vaginal intercourse. Sexual act also means the penetration, however slight, by any object into the genital or anal opening of another person's body: provided, that it shall be an affirmative defense that the penetration was for accepted medical purposes.

(5) **"Sexual contact"** means (i) touching the sexual organ, anus, breast, groin, or buttocks of any person, (ii) a person touching another person with their own sexual organ, anus, breast, groin, or buttocks, or (iii) a person ejaculating, emitting, or placing semen, urine, or feces upon any part of another person.

(6) **"Touching"** as used in subdivision (5) of this section, means physical contact with another person, whether accomplished directly, through the clothing of the person committing the offense, or through the clothing of the victim. (1979, c. 682, s. 1; 2002-159, s. 2(a); 2003-252, s. 1; 2006-247, s. 12(a).)

Specifically, the term "*consent*" is not mentioned in any of the General Statutes under Article 7A of Chapter 14 concerning Rape and Other Sex Offenses as to its definition. It is only mentioned in the Article that it is not a valid defense for intercourse and sexual offenses with certain victims (NCGS § 14-27.7). However, certain terms seen in the language of these statutes, such as "*by force*" and "*against that person's will*" as well as "*mentally incapacitated*" and "*physically helpless*" sheds light at what consent isn't. Consent is not the absence of a verbal "no" from the victim. A victim could be in fear as the sexual intercourse is beginning and during the time it is taking place and a natural response could be that person being unable to say anything to refuse consent. By knowingly providing an individual with alcohol or drugs for the purpose of making that person physically or mentally unable to refuse consent is also not valid "*consent*" of that individual. Proof of actual force (such as a beating) is not required. Constructive force by threat, fear or duress is sufficient to show that valid consent was not given by the victim. In other words, an individual cannot use these tactics to change the mind of the victim to give consent whether it be a verbal "yes" or silence. The presence of a weapon while threatening the use of it to procure submission (proof of actual force) or even the threatened use of a weapon when not in view (constructive force) cannot be a valid defense of a person submitting to consent. Additionally, the mere fact of a relationship between two parties (dating or married) does not give a valid defense for sexual intercourse between the two if one party does not consent to the sexual activity. There is no "spousal defense" in North Carolina for purposes of responding to a charge of sexual assault.

Domestic Violence

In North Carolina, domestic violence is mentioned specifically in Chapter 50B of the North Carolina General Statutes. The following is taken directly from the statute.

NCGS § 50B-1. Domestic violence; definition.

(a) Domestic violence means the commission of one or more of the following acts upon an aggrieved party or upon a minor child residing with or in the custody of the aggrieved party by a person with whom the aggrieved party has or has had a personal relationship, but does not include acts of self-defense:

(1) Attempting to cause bodily injury, or intentionally causing bodily injury; or

(2) Placing the aggrieved party or a member of the aggrieved party's family or household in fear of imminent serious bodily injury or continued harassment, as defined in G.S. 14-277.3A, that rises

to such a level as to inflict substantial emotional distress; or

(3) Committing any act defined in G.S. 14-27.2 through G.S. 14-27.7.

(b) For purposes of this section, the term "personal relationship" means a relationship wherein the parties involved:

(1) Are current or former spouses;

(2) Are persons of opposite sex who live together or have lived together;

(3) Are related as parents and children, including others acting in loco parentis to a minor child, or as grandparents and grandchildren. For purposes of this subdivision, an aggrieved party may not obtain an order of protection against a child or grandchild under the age of 16;

(4) Have a child in common;

(5) Are current or former household members;

(6) Are persons of the opposite sex who are in a dating relationship or have been in a dating relationship. For purposes of this subdivision, a dating relationship is one wherein the parties are romantically involved over time and on a continuous basis during the course of the relationship. A casual acquaintance or ordinary fraternization between persons in a business or social context is not a dating relationship.

(c) As used in this Chapter, the term "protective order" includes any order entered pursuant to this Chapter upon hearing by the court or consent of the parties. (1979, c. 561, s. 1; 1985, c. 113, s. 1; 1987, c. 828; 1987 (Reg. Sess., 1988), c. 893, ss. 1, 3; 1995 (Reg. Sess., 1996), c. 591, s. 1; 1997-471, s. 1; 2001-518, s. 3; 2003-107, s. 1; 2009-58, s. 5.)

Dating Violence

For purposes of understanding what the State of North Carolina defines as "dating violence," it is important to point out NCGS § 50B-1(b)(6), mentions what a "dating relationship" is defined as. Specifically, following the statute, it means, "[individuals] of the opposite sex...wherein the parties are romantically involved over time and on a continuous basis during the course of the relationship."

Additionally, the types of violent acts that constitutes dating violence is mentioned in the previous section under "Domestic Violence" specifically NCGS § 50B-1(a)(1),(2),&(3). Specific types of assaults that result in bodily injury or fear of imminent injury is mentioned later in this section.

Stalking

The North Carolina General Assembly found that "stalking is a serious problem in this state and nationwide. Stalking involves severe intrusions on the victim's personal privacy and autonomy. It is a crime that causes a long-lasting impact on the victim's quality of life and creates risks to the security and safety of the victim and others, even in the absence of express threats of physical harm. Stalking conduct often becomes increasingly violent over time." The General Assembly also, "recognizes the dangerous nature of stalking as well as the strong connections between stalking and domestic violence and between stalking and sexual assault. Therefore, the General Assembly enacts this law to encourage effective intervention by the criminal justice system before stalking escalates into behavior that has serious or lethal consequences. The General Assembly intends to enact a stalking statute that permits the criminal justice system to hold stalkers accountable for a wide range of acts, communications, and conduct. The General Assembly recognizes that stalking includes, but is not limited to, a pattern of following, observing, or monitoring the victim, or committing violent or intimidating acts against the victim, regardless of the means."

NCGA § 14-277.3A. Stalking

(b) **Definitions.** - The following definitions apply in this section:

(1) **Course of conduct.** - Two or more acts, including, but not limited to, acts in which the stalker directly, indirectly, or through third parties, by any action, method, device, or means, is in the presence of, or follows, monitors, observes, surveils, threatens, or communicates to or about a person, or interferes with a person's property.

(2) **Harasses or harassment.** - Knowing conduct, including written or printed communication or

transmission, telephone, cellular, or other wireless telephonic communication, facsimile transmission, pager messages or transmissions, answering machine or voice mail messages or transmissions, and electronic mail messages or other computerized or electronic transmissions directed at a specific person that torments, terrorizes, or terrifies that person and that serves no legitimate purpose.

(3) **Reasonable person.** - A reasonable person in the victim's circumstances.

(4) **Substantial emotional distress.** - Significant mental suffering or distress that may, but does not necessarily, require medical or other professional treatment or counseling.

(c) **Offense.** - A defendant is guilty of stalking if the defendant willfully on more than one occasion harasses another person without legal purpose or willfully engages in a course of conduct directed at a specific person without legal purpose and the defendant knows or should know that the harassment or the course of conduct would cause a reasonable person to do any of the following:

(1) Fear for the person's safety or the safety of the person's immediate family or close personal associates.

(2) Suffer substantial emotional distress by placing that person in fear of death, bodily injury, or continued harassment.

(d) **Classification.** - A violation of this section is a Class A1 misdemeanor. A defendant convicted of a Class A1 misdemeanor under this section, who is sentenced to a community punishment, shall be placed on supervised probation in addition to any other punishment imposed by the court. A defendant who commits the offense of stalking after having been previously convicted of a stalking offense is guilty of a Class F felony. A defendant who commits the offense of stalking when there is a court order in effect prohibiting the conduct described under this section by the defendant against the victim is guilty of a Class H felony.

(e) **Jurisdiction.** - Pursuant to G.S. 15A-134, if any part of the offense occurred within North Carolina, including the defendant's course of conduct or the effect on the victim, then the defendant may be prosecuted in this State. (2008-167, s. 2.)

Sexual Assault Statutes

14-27.2 First Degree Rape

14-27.3 Second Degree Rape

14-27.4 First Degree Sexual Offense

14-27.5 Second Degree Sexual Offense

14-27.5A Sexual Battery

14-27.7A Statutory Rape or Sexual Offense of a person who is 13, 14, or 15 Years Old.

14-177 Crime Against Nature

14-178 Incest

Assault Statutes

14-28 Malicious Castration

14-30 Malicious Maiming

14-30.1 Malicious Throwing of Corrosive or Alkali

14-31 Maliciously Assaulting in a Secret Manner

14-32 Felonious Assault With Intent to Kill or Inflicting Serious Injury

14-32.4 Assault Inflicting Serious Bodily Injury & Strangulation

14-33(a) Simple Assault

14-33(a)(2) Assault on a Female

14-34 Assault by Pointing a Gun

Stalking Statutes

14-277.3A Stalking

14-196 Using profane, indecent or threatening language to any person over the telephone; annoying or harassing by repeated telephoning or making false statements over telephone

14-196.3 Cyberstalking

There are additional statutes that deal with assault and sexual assault not listed here, but may fulfill particular elements of a matter concerning assault or sexual assault. For a full list of these crimes, refer to the North Carolina General Statutes, Chapter 14 (Criminal Law), Article 7A (Rape and Other Sex Offenses), Article 8 (Assaults), and Article 26 (Offenses Against Public Morality and Decency) <http://www.ncga.state.nc.us/gascripts/Statutes/StatutesTOC.pl?Chapter=0014>

Understanding Hate Crimes and Its Classifications

UNCP's Annual Security Report also reveals statistics of incidents that were reported to campus police and Campus Security Authorities that relate to hate crimes. On the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) web site, the definition of hate crime is described, and works best to describe what a hate crime is. Specifically, "A hate crime is a traditional offense like murder, arson, or vandalism with an added element of bias." For the purposes of collecting statistics, Congress has defined a hate crime as a "criminal offense against a person or property motivated in whole or in part by an offender's bias against a race, religion, disability, ethnic origin or sexual orientation." Hate itself is not a crime—and the FBI is mindful of protecting freedom of speech and other civil liberties. The crimes that are counted for purposes of recording hate crimes in this report cover the offenses of murder/non-negligent homicide, negligent homicide, sex offenses, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, motor vehicle theft, arson and the extra offenses of larceny-theft, simple assault, intimidation, and destruction/damage/vandalism of property. To include these crimes as a statistic to hate crimes it must be shown that the victim of the crime was intentionally targeted or selected because of the perpetrator's bias to the victim in some way. If any of these crimes were reported to campus police and there is some evidence that the crime was committed because of some type of bias to the victim it should be noted to the entity receiving the report.

Examples of Bias by Category

The following are examples of bias within that category. The examples are not exhaustive and are used for illustrative purposes.

- Race**—White, Black, American Indian/Alaskan Native, Asian/Pacific Islander, Multiple Races
- Religion**—Jewish, Catholic, Protestant, Islam
- Ethnicity**—Hispanic, Arab, Eurasian, Mestizo
- Gender**—Male, Female
- Sexual Orientation**—Heterosexual, Homosexual (gay, lesbian), Bi-Sexual
- Disability**—Physical, Mental

The two new categories added by SaVE include:

- Gender Identity**—Transgender, Androgyny, Bi-Gender
- National Origin**—Mexico, Russia, Italy, Argentina

Weapons on Campus

Effective October 1, 2013, amendments to the North Carolina General Statutes (House Bill 937/Session Law 2013-369) concerning the presence of firearms on campus [§ 14-269.2(k)], impacts the way firearms can be legally possessed on the property of the University of North Carolina Pembroke. The following information answers some questions that you may have concerning these new changes to our statutes. If you need further clarification please call University Police and Public Safety at 910-521-6235.

Background – N.C.G.S. § 14-269.2 generally prohibits carrying a "weapon," either openly or concealed, on a community college, college or university. A weapon is defined as those devices as described in (b), (b1), and (d)* of N.C.G.S. § 14-269.2. However, the General Assembly has enacted

a limited exception to that general prohibition, Session Law 2013-369, sec. 2; HB 937; N.C.G.S. § 14-269.2(k).

Changes – Under the amendments to the law, a firearm is now permissible to be carried by any individual on a college or university campus **only** under the following limited circumstances:

- The firearm is a **handgun**; and
- The individual has a valid concealed handgun permit or is exempt from the law requiring a permit; and
- The handgun remains in either: a closed compartment or container within the person's locked vehicle or in a locked container securely affixed to the person's vehicle; and
- The vehicle is only unlocked when the individual with a concealed handgun permit is entering or exiting the vehicle; and
- The firearm remains in the closed compartment at all times.

Other Considerations – Amendments to the statute do not permit the following from occurring:

- A person that has a concealed carry permit still **cannot** walk around campus property with his or her weapon on their person. The changes to the law clearly state that the handgun must remain in the closed compartment or container within the possessor's locked vehicle or within a locked container securely affixed to the vehicle.
- These amendments also do not permit an individual to bring onto campus a rifle, shotgun or any weapon as described in N.C.G.S. § 14-269.2 (b), (b1), and (d)*. Even if the rifle, shotgun or other weapon is in a closed compartment in the individual's locked vehicle, it is still a violation of law and criminal charges can occur for a violation of this offense. The statute only allows handguns for those individuals who lawfully possess a concealed handgun permit.

*For purposes of this statute, a weapon is defined as any handgun, rifle, shotgun, dynamite cartridge, bomb, grenade, mine, or powerful explosive as defined in G.S. 14-284.1, BB gun, stun gun, air rifle, air pistol, bowie knife, dirk, dagger, slungshot, leaded cane, switchblade knife, blackjack, metallic knuckles, razors and razor blades (except solely for personal shaving), firework, or any sharp-pointed or edged instrument except instructional supplies, unaltered nail files and clips and tools used solely for preparation of food, instruction, and maintenance, on educational property.

Precautions – If you do make a decision to exercise your right to these amendments, please:

- Maintain your concealed weapon permit and proper identification on your person at all times; it will lead to less confusion if approached by law enforcement.
- Exhibit and maintain common sense concerning your weapon. Don't broadcast to the community that you have a weapon in your car and don't use it to threaten others in the event of a conflict between you and others.

For more information on the changes to this law visit: <http://legiscan.com/NC/text/H937/3013>

Traffic Rules & Regulations

Speeding, careless and reckless driving, driving while impaired and other moving violations on the campus of UNC Pembroke may result in charges, which are heard in North Carolina's court system. Conviction of such violations will affect your driver's license and insurance just as if the offense had occurred on public highways. For lesser offenses, such as improper parking, etc., the University Police may issue "campus citations" based on ordinances that have been approved by the Board of Trustees. All parking and traffic information can found at <http://www.uncp.edu/student-life/student-services/police-public-safety/parkingtraffic-control>

Theft Prevention and Safety Precautions

While it appears that we will never live in a crime free society in today's world, we as individuals can

reduce the variables often present in order to lessen our probability of being a victim of crime. By following these simple precautions your learning environment and/or workplace will be safer. Additionally, campus police in late 2012 launched its monthly newsletter, *APB*, which focuses on issues that occur on college campuses nationwide and in our own area. Other informative topics relating to awareness of crime and criminal law are often included.

Personal Safety Precautions

- Don't walk or jog alone
- Walk in well-lighted and populated areas
- Practice effective situational awareness: stay alert and attuned to things around you, especially suspicious persons or activities
- Walk and carry yourself with confidence
- Have your keys ready to enter your room or car as quickly as possible
- If you're going somewhere alone or with a new friend, let someone know where you are going
- Use the Emergency Blue Light Telephones/Call Boxes located throughout campus to report suspicious activity or if you feel threatened or uncomfortable

To Deter Theft

- Lock your dorm room door
- Lock your car door
- If you have to keep your belongings in the car, keep them out of sight.
- Don't brag to others "what you have;" don't let everyone know what you own
- Register and mark your belongings with campus police through Operation PIN.

Residence Hall / Living Quarters Safety

- Don't prop open ground floor entrance/exit doors to let your friends in later
- Don't let others follow in behind you when you swipe your card to get in the building
- Keep your room locked at all times
- Know the people on your floor and if possible the floors above and below you
- Use situational awareness – anybody you think is suspicious, call campus police.

Social Function Precautions And Date Rape Awareness

- Go with a group of friends and...
- Leave with the same group...don't be the last to leave
- Watch what you drink
- Don't let others "prepare a drink for you"
- Don't let the "Nice Guy" take care of you or even walk you home if you happen to be under the influence of alcohol. Call a trusted friend.
- Let someone know what party you will be at and what time you expect to be home

Social Networking Precautions (Facebook, Twitter, Pinterest, etc...)

Don't:

- Post where you are at all times
- Pose for pictures that may put you in a different light from who you want to portray
- Be so opinionated as to post degrading comments and jokes that offend another's race, ethnicity, religion, national origin or sexual orientation

Do:

- Use site controls to allow access to only those who you want to view your site
- Respect others for who they are
- Use Common Sense

Protecting Yourself from Identity Fraud

- Don't post your personal information on-line and on social networking sites

- If purchasing items on-line use secure sites beginning with https
- When creating passwords use numbers and characters in a random pattern
- Don't keep your PIN with your debit card(s)
- Don't fall for the scams (lottery winner, Nigerian puppy scam, African oil well scams)
- Shred your account statements if you do not need them anymore, or file them away securely, out of the view of others

Pedestrian / Jogging Safety

- When walking or jogging on campus be aware of the actions around you, other people are may not be paying attention
- If you are using an iPod, take one ear bud out or adjust the headphones slightly off on one ear so you can hear external sounds
- Walk or jog in the marked crosswalk areas especially in roadways adjacent to campus
- At night use light colored or reflective clothing so you can be more easily seen

Practice Effective Situational Awareness

Signs and behavior to look for that may be suspicious:

- A person running
- A stranger carrying property
- A person going door-to-door in a building or a residential area
- Any person forcibly entering a locked vehicle, dorm room or classroom
- Business transactions conducted from a vehicle
- One or more persons sitting in a parked car exhibiting suspicious behavior
- A juvenile or female being forced into a vehicle
- A person exhibiting unusual mental or physical symptoms
- Unusual noises

Serious Injury or Illness

- **DO NOT MOVE A SERIOUSLY INJURED PERSON** unless life-threatening circumstances exist.
- Call 9-911 from a campus telephone or 911 from any other telephone, giving your name and location. Give as much information as possible regarding the nature of the injury or illness.
- Attempt to stay with the victim and administer First Aid if trained to do so. Keep the victim as calm and comfortable as possible. Remain with the victim until emergency officials arrive.
- Be prepared to provide as much information as possible about the victim and the incident to assist emergency officials in determining the extent of the victim's injuries.
- List the names and locations of people in your building/residence hall who are trained in First Aid in case of an emergency. List also the location of the nearest First Aid kit.
- AEDs (automated external defibrillators) have been installed in buildings around campus in the need for a quick response to a cardiac emergency. Instructions as to how to use these devices are easy and step by step.

Fire

- Upon discovering a fire, immediately sound the building's fire alarm and alert other occupants. Each individual is asked to take note of each fire pull station location within the building they are working or residing.
- Call 9-911 from a campus telephone or 911 from any other telephone, giving your name and location of the fire.
- If the fire is small, an extinguisher or a building fire hose may be used to extinguish the fire. Always use your judgment and training before attempting to extinguish any fire.
- If the fire is large, very smoky, or rapidly spreading, evacuate the building immediately.
- Inform others in the building who may have not responded to the alarm.
- When you evacuate, do not stop for personal belongings. Leave immediately. Do not use elevators to exit the building.

- Familiarize yourself with other residents on your floor or hall and provide this information to emergency personnel if they are not accounted for during the evacuation and are suspected to still be inside the building.
- Evacuate to a distance of at least 300 feet from the building and stay out of the way of emergency personnel. Do not return to the building until allowed to do so by authorized personnel.
- **DO NOT WALK THROUGH OR STAND IN A SMOKE CLOUD.** Stay low.
- If your clothes are on fire, then stop, drop and roll.
- Each individual is asked to take note of the location of each fire extinguisher and fire hose within the building they are working or residing.

****Please note that we have asked you to call 911 instead of the University Police to report a fire or serious injury. Calling 911 first will result in emergency units being dispatched without undue delay. The 911 operators normally dispatch the University Police to emergency calls. As a precaution, though, we recommend that you make a follow-up call to the University Police at 910-521-6235 to help ensure you receive immediate assistance.***

Evacuation

Some emergencies require evacuation of the building(s). If a building must be evacuated, all personnel should move to an area at least 300 feet away from the building. Never use an elevator to evacuate. Once a building has been evacuated, no person will be permitted to re-enter unless authorized personnel give approval to do so.

Classroom Instructor Responsibilities

- Each instructor should select one or two students to lead the class safely out of the building.
- Each instructor is responsible for assigning two individuals per disabled student for assistance during the evacuation.
- Each instructor should check any adjoining areas, such as restrooms or supposedly vacant classrooms, to be sure that anyone in the room is notified to evacuate.
- The instructor should be the last individual to leave the building.
- When the students have safely evacuated the building, the instructor will check to see that all students are accounted for. If someone is unaccounted for, the instructor should immediately notify UNCP Police and Public Safety or Emergency Officials on the scene.

Tornado

A tornado **WATCH** means tornados and thunderstorms are possible.

A tornado **WARNING** means a tornado has been sighted in the area: **SEEK SHELTER!**

If a tornado is sighted approaching the campus:

- If time permits, go to the interior hallways on the lowest floor.
- If time does not permit, get into the safest area of your classroom, room or office (away from windows and doors).
- Avoid windows, auditoriums, gymnasiums or other structures with wide, free-span roofs.
- Take shelter underneath your desk or any heavy furniture.
- Assume a position so as to protect your head and eyes.
- Stay inside until someone in authority has cleared it for you to leave the building.
- If you are qualified in First Aid, render the assistance needed.

Inclement Weather

During periods of inclement weather conditions, it may be necessary to close the University due to safety concerns. Inclement weather includes ice and snow storms, tornados, hurricanes and storms that present a threat to the campus population while attending or traveling to and from the University. When the threat or the presence of inclement weather presents a safety hazard to the campus population, it is the responsibility of the Provost and Vice Chancellor for Academic Affairs to make the decision to close the campus.

The University will remain open for classes unless there is a clear and present danger to the campus population. Closure reports for local public schools or community colleges must not be interpreted that UNC Pembroke will also close; neither should forecasts of major storms. The overriding concern of the University is to provide a quality, uninterrupted program of study without placing the campus population in an unreasonably hazardous situation. **The decision to close the University will be made by 6 a.m.**, if practical, and will be communicated to the local radio and television stations. This information will also be posted on the UNCP Home Page at <http://www.uncp.edu/> and UNCP's Emergency Information Hotline at 910-521-6888.

Announcements of emergency closings may take one of two forms:

- Classes are suspended, but offices will remain open
- Classes are suspended, and all University offices are closed*

The UNCP Police and Public Safety, Student Health Services and Cafeteria will remain open under all circumstances. *Facilities Operations, as necessary, will assign an essential employee work crew. As always, if you believe that commuting to campus during inclement weather puts your life or property at risk, stay home and inform your instructor and/or supervisor.*

Hazardous Materials

Chemical Spills

If the identity of the chemical spill is unknown, then treat it as a toxic chemical. If the person(s) responsible for the chemical spill judges that it presents any danger to themselves or others, then take the following steps:

- Call UNCP Police Public Safety at 910-521-6235 and provide your name and location of the emergency. With proper training or knowledge of the chemical, confine or stop the spill by using absorbent materials on hand, avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing, and avoid shutting the doors to the room.
- Sound the building fire alarm so evacuation can begin.
- Evacuate to a safe place at least 300 feet away from the building. Do not return until authorized personnel have given their approval to do so.
- **DO NOT WALK THROUGH OR STAND IN SMOKE/VAPOR CLOUDS.**
- After evacuation, stay with your co-workers/classmates so that supervisors and instructors can determine if everybody is accounted for.

Gas Leaks

Suspected gas leaks or suspicious odors should be reported to UNCP Police and Public Safety so appropriate action can be taken. If a gas cylinder should begin leaking and the person(s) responsible for such materials judges that it presents any danger to themselves or others, then take the following steps:

- Call UNCP Police and Public Safety at 910-521-6235 and provide your name and location of the emergency.
- Extinguish all open flames to stop the chances of ignition.
- Sound the building fire alarm so evacuation can begin.
- Evacuate to a safe place at least 300 feet away from the building. Do not return until authorized personnel have given their approval to do so.
- **DO NOT WALK THROUGH OR STAND IN AREAS OF HIGH GAS CONCENTRATIONS.**

Daily Crime Log and Requirements

As required by federal law, UNCP must maintain a written, easily understood daily crime log that records, by the date the crime was reported, any crime that occurred on campus, on a non-campus building or property, or within the patrol jurisdiction of UNCP campus police and is reported to UNCP campus police. The log will contain at a minimum, the nature, date, time and general location of each

crime and the disposition of the complaint, if known. Campus police must make an entry or an addition to an existing entry to the log within two (2) days of the receipt of such information to be included in the log unless that disclosure is prohibited by law or would jeopardize the confidentiality of the victim.

However, the University may withhold certain information to be reported in the daily crime log if the following situations exist; that revealing the particular information would jeopardize an ongoing criminal investigation or safety of an individual; would cause a suspect to flee or evade detection, or result in the destruction of evidence. Only that information that would cause the adverse effect can be withheld, all other information must be reported within its time requirement. Once the adverse effect as described above is no longer likely to occur, the University must then disclose the information withheld for compliance to its daily log requirements. The University must make the crime log for the most recent sixty (60) day period open to public inspection during normal business hours. Any portion of the log longer than sixty (60) days must be made available within two business days of a request for public inspection.

Crime Statistics

UNCP must disclose crime statistics of the three most recent calendar years prior to the named year of the Annual Security and Fire Report that occurred on or within its Clery geography and that are reported to local police agencies or to a Campus Security Authority. Clery Act reporting does not require initiating an investigation or disclosing identifying information about a victim. A crime is reported when it is brought to the attention of a campus security authority or the local police by a victim, witness, other 3rd party or even the offender. The University must disclose crime reports regardless of whether any of the individuals involved in either the crime itself or the reporting of the crime are associated with the institution. The University may not withhold or subsequently remove a reported crime from its crime statistics based on a decision by a court, coroner, jury, prosecutor, or other similar non-campus official. For this year, the disclosure includes the years 2013, 2012, and 2011. The crimes to be reported include, murder/non-negligent homicide, negligent homicide, sex offenses, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, motor vehicle theft, and arson. Additionally, hate crimes and particular classifications of hate crimes are required to be reported as well as arrests and referrals of alcohol, illegal drug and weapon offenses. New federal regulations concerning the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA) and Campus SaVE Act require colleges and universities to report the additional crimes of domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking as well as two new classifications of hate crimes. A change in the way sex crimes are to be classified and disclosed will now take place in this year's report. Prior to the federal mandated changes, there were two types of sex crimes, forcible and non-forcible. Definitions of forcible and non-forcible sex offenses are mentioned in the crime definitions of this report. A new definition of sex offense for purposes of reporting has been included in this report and described in the crime definitions. Definitions of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, and Stalking for both purposes of federal reporting requirements and local jurisdictional definitions are mentioned in this report as well as classifications of hate crimes.

Crime Definitions

The following definitions are used for the purpose of reporting crimes for the UNC Pembroke Annual Security and Fire Report. The definitions for arson, murder, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, motor vehicle theft, liquor law violations, drug law violations, and weapon law violations are excerpted in part from the Uniform Crime Reporting Handbook. The definitions of forcible and non-forcible sex offenses are excerpted in part from the National Incident-Based Reporting System Edition of the Uniform Crime Reporting Handbook.

Criminal Homicide - Murder and Non-negligent Manslaughter – The willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another.

Criminal Homicide - Negligent manslaughter – The killing of another person through gross negligence.

Sex Offenses-Forcible – Any sexual act directed against another person, forcibly and/or against that person's will; or not forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent; includes forcible rape, forcible sodomy, sexual assault with an object, and forcible fondling.

Robbery – The taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.

Aggravated Assault – An unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm.

Burglary – The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft.

Motor Vehicle Theft – The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle; includes joyriding.

Arson – Any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, personal property of another, etc.

Liquor Law Violations – The violation of laws or ordinances prohibiting: the manufacture, sale, transporting, furnishing, possessing of intoxicating liquor; maintaining unlawful drinking places; bootlegging; operating a still; furnishing liquor to a minor or intemperate person; using a vehicle for illegal transportation of liquor; drinking on a train or public conveyance; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned. (Drunkenness, driving under the influence and university policy violations are not included in this definition).

Drug Law Violations – Violation of laws prohibiting the production, distribution and/or use of certain controlled substances and the equipment or devices utilized in their preparation and/or use. The unlawful cultivation, manufacture, distribution, sale, purchase use, possession, transportation or importation of any controlled drug or narcotic substance.

Weapon Law Violations – The violation of laws or ordinances dealing with weapon offenses, regulatory in nature, such as: manufacture, sale, or possession of deadly weapons; carrying deadly weapons, concealed or openly; furnishing deadly weapons to minors; aliens possessing deadly weapons; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned.

Domestic Violence – Felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence committed by a current or former spouse of the victim, by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common, by a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse, by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction...or by any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction.

Dating Violence – Violence committed by a person who is in or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim; and where the existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on a consideration of the following factors; the length of the relationship, type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.

Stalking – Engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear for his or her safety or the safety of others; or suffer substantial emotional distress.

Sexual Assault – For purposes of this definition, the Campus SaVE Act defines sexual assault, which was previously included as a Clery-reportable crime as “an offense classified as a forcible or non-forcible sex offense under the uniform crime reporting system of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.”

Other Definitions

Awareness Programs— Community wide or audience specific programming initiatives and strategies that increase audience knowledge and share information and resources to prevent violence, promote safety, and reduce perpetration.

Bystander Intervention—Safe and positive options that may be carried out by an individual or individuals to prevent harm or intervene when there is a risk of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault or stalking. Bystander intervention includes recognizing situations of potential harm, understanding institutional structures and cultural conditions that facilitate violence, overcoming

barriers to intervening, identifying safe and effective intervention options and taking action to intervene.

Ongoing Prevention and Awareness Campaigns—Programming, initiatives and strategies that are sustained over time and focus on increasing understanding of topics relevant to and skills for addressing dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault and stalking, using a range of strategies with audiences throughout the institution.

Primary Prevention Programs— Programming initiatives and strategies informed by research or assessed for value, effectiveness or outcome that are intended to stop dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault and stalking before they occur through the promotion of positive and healthy behaviors that foster healthy, mutually respectful relationships and sexuality, encourage safe bystander intervention, and seek to change behavior and social norms in healthy and safe directions.

Referral— The notice of any person to any campus official who initiates a disciplinary action of which a record is kept and which may result in the imposition of a sanction.

Risk Reduction— Options to design decrease perpetration and bystander inaction, and to increase empowerment for victims in order to promote safety and to help individuals and communities address conditions that facilitate violence.

On-Campus— Any building or property owned or controlled by an institution within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area and used by the institution in direct support of, or in a manner related to, the institution's educational purposes, including residence halls; and any building or property that is within or reasonably contiguous to paragraph (1) of this definition, that is owned by the institution but controlled by another person, is frequently used by students, and supports institutional purposes (such as a food or other retail vendor).

On-campus Student Housing Facility— Any student housing facility that is owned or controlled by the institution, or is located on property that is owned or controlled by the institution, and is within the reasonably contiguous geographic area that makes up the campus.

Non-campus buildings or property-- Any building or property owned or controlled by a student organization that is officially recognized by the institution; or Any building or property owned or controlled by an institution that is used in direct support of, or in relation to, the institution's educational purposes, is frequently used by students, and is not within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area of the institution.

Public property— All public property, including thoroughfares, streets, sidewalks, and parking facilities, that is within the campus, or immediately adjacent to and accessible from the campus.

2012-2014 CALENDAR YEAR CRIME STATISTICS

	ON-CAMPUS			RESIDENCE HALLS			NON-CAMPUS			PUBLIC PROPERTY		
CALENDAR YEAR	2012	2013	2014	2012	2013	2014	2012	2013	2014	2012	2013	2014
Murder/Non-Negligent Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Negligent Homicide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses, Forcible	3	1	3	3	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses, Non-Forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	10	15	18	10	13	15	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

HATE CRIMES

2012 – There were no hate crimes reported.

2013 – There were no hate crimes reported.

2014 – There were no hate crimes reported.

VAWA CATEGORY CRIMES

Calendar Year	On-Campus		Residence Halls		Non-Campus		Public Property	
	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014
Sexual Assault*	1	3	1	2	0	0	0	0
Stalking	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	0
Domestic Violence	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
Dating Violence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

* Note that statistics for sexual assault in this chart are the *total cumulative* for the corresponding year in the above chart for *forcible and non-forcible sexual assault*.

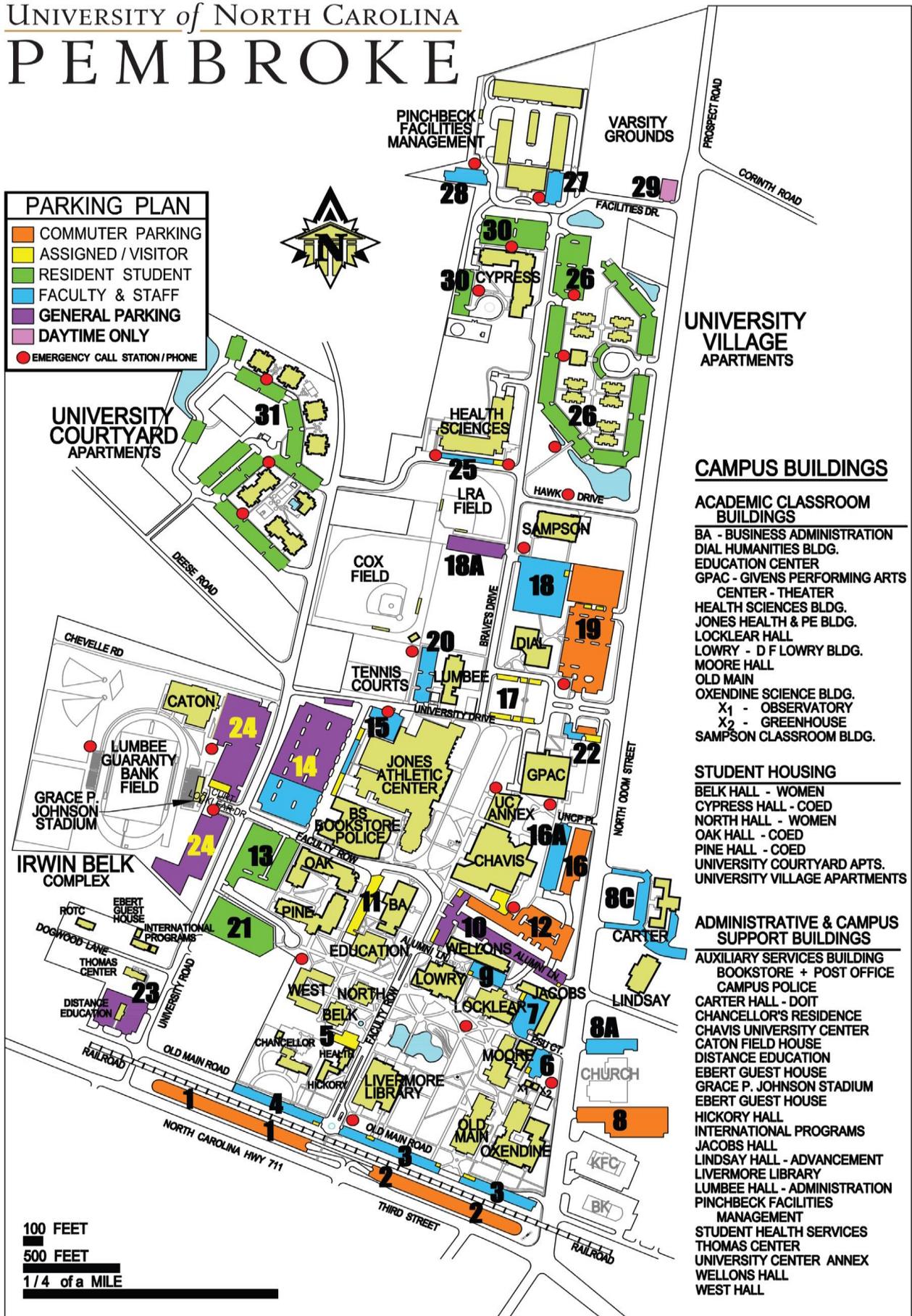
2012-2014 STATISTICS FOR ARRESTS AND DISCIPLINARY REFERRALS

INCIDENTS	ON CAMPUS			RESIDENCE HALLS			NON-CAMPUS			PUBLIC PROPERTY		
	2012	2013	2014	2012	2013	2014	2012	2013	2014	2012	2013	2014
LIQUOR LAW VIOLATIONS												
ARREST	26	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
DISCIPLINARY REFERRALS	93	72	27	47	41	7	0	0	0	0	4	2
DRUG VIOLATIONS												
ARREST	71	19	10	16	7	3	0	0	0	0	4	8
DISCIPLINARY REFERRALS	165	130	88	80	84	58	0	0	0	0	8	2
ILLEGAL WEAPON VIOLATIONS												
ARREST	7	2	9	2	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
DISCIPLINARY REFERRALS	18	24	18	7	8	7	0	0	0	0	0	0

UNIVERSITY of NORTH CAROLINA PEMBROKE

PARKING PLAN

- COMMUTER PARKING
- ASSIGNED / VISITOR
- RESIDENT STUDENT
- FACULTY & STAFF
- GENERAL PARKING
- DAYTIME ONLY
- EMERGENCY CALL STATION / PHONE



UNIVERSITY VILLAGE APARTMENTS

CAMPUS BUILDINGS

ACADEMIC CLASSROOM BUILDINGS

- BA - BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION
- DIAL HUMANITIES BLDG.
- EDUCATION CENTER
- GPAC - GIVENS PERFORMING ARTS CENTER - THEATER
- HEALTH SCIENCES BLDG.
- JONES HEALTH & PE BLDG.
- LOCKLEAR HALL
- LOWRY - D F LOWRY BLDG.
- MOORE HALL
- OLD MAIN
- OXENDINE SCIENCE BLDG.
- X₁ - OBSERVATORY
- X₂ - GREENHOUSE
- SAMPSON CLASSROOM BLDG.

STUDENT HOUSING

- BELK HALL - WOMEN
- CYPRESS HALL - COED
- NORTH HALL - WOMEN
- OAK HALL - COED
- PINE HALL - COED
- UNIVERSITY COURTYARD APTS.
- UNIVERSITY VILLAGE APARTMENTS

ADMINISTRATIVE & CAMPUS SUPPORT BUILDINGS

- AUXILIARY SERVICES BUILDING
- BOOKSTORE + POST OFFICE
- CAMPUS POLICE
- CARTER HALL - DOIT
- CHANCELLOR'S RESIDENCE
- CHAVIS UNIVERSITY CENTER
- CATON FIELD HOUSE
- DISTANCE EDUCATION
- EBERT GUEST HOUSE
- EBERT GUEST HOUSE
- HICKORY HALL
- INTERNATIONAL PROGRAMS
- JACOBS HALL
- LINDSAY HALL - ADVANCEMENT
- LIVERMORE LIBRARY
- LUMBEE HALL - ADMINISTRATION
- PINCHBECK FACILITIES MANAGEMENT
- STUDENT HEALTH SERVICES
- THOMAS CENTER
- UNIVERSITY CENTER ANNEX
- WELLONS HALL
- WEST HALL

100 FEET
500 FEET
1/4 of a MILE

of the North Carolina Community College System. The community colleges are: Cape Fear Community College (CFCC), Fayetteville Technical Community College (FTCC), Richmond Community College (RCC), and Sandhills Community College (SCC). The following information about these locations will provide the individual, who is participating in a degree program offered by UNCP, safety and security information for these locations as required by the Clery Act.

UNIVERSITY of NORTH CAROLINA PEMBROKE

CAPE FEAR COMMUNITY COLLEGE



FAYETTEVILLE TECHNICAL COMMUNITY COLLEGE

Cape Fear Community College (CFCC)

UNCP offers a degree program with CFCC, located at its North Campus on 4500 Blue Clay Road, Castle Hayne, NC 28429. The Main Office Location for the program is located in the North Campus Applied Technologies Building. UNCP degree program classes are held in the McKeithan Center building. The law enforcement agency that has jurisdiction over the campus of CFCC is the New Hanover County Sheriff's Department. To contact the New Hanover County Sheriff's Department to report a crime on the campus of CFCC call 911 for an emergency or 910-798-4200 or 910-798-4212 for non-emergencies. CFCC also advises in the case of an emergency to contact Student Services on campus.

CFCC lists services that an individual should use in the event of a sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence or stalking that assists individuals who are victims of these crimes. These resources are:

Domestic Violence Shelter & Services, Inc.	910-343-0703
National Domestic Violence Hotline	800-799-7233 or 800-787-3224 (TTY)
Rape, Abuse, and Incest National Network	800-656-HOPE

To access the list CFCC has compiled for resources go to:

<http://cfcc.edu/counseling/communityresources/>

Additionally the following resources can be contacted:

Coastal Horizons Center, Inc.	910-392-7460
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New Hanover Regional Medical Center	910-343-7000
Cape Fear Hospital	910-452-8100
Pender Memorial Hospital	910-762-9052

In the event of an on-going emergency on campus or a threat of an emergency, CFCC has in place a campus safety plan that it will initiate upon the confirmation of such a threat. The plan can be found at the following link: <http://cfcc.edu/SACS/docs/campussafetyplan.pdf>

CFCC also lists several policies in the Student Handbook, to include Code of Conduct, Crime Awareness and Campus Security Policy, Weapons on Campus Policies, Crime Data, CFCC Judicial Board, and the campus Drug and Alcohol Policy. Policies can be found at the following link:

<http://cfcc.edu/catalog/files/2013/06/Handbook.pdf>

Information concerning these policies can be found on pp. 55-60 of the Student Handbook.

In the event of inclement weather, Cape Fear Community College may close or delay classes depending on the weather forecast and local conditions. All official college closings and delays will be posted on the college web site at www.cfcc.edu, my CFCC online portal, the CFCC Emergency Information Hotline 877-799-2322, and through the local news media. Students who subscribe to the text messaging alert system through the CFCC online portal will be notified of closings and delays through text messages. Students are encouraged to familiarize themselves with these resources as soon as possible.

CAPE FEAR COMMUNITY COLLEGE



Fayetteville Technical Community College (FTCC)

UNCP offers a degree program at FTCC, located at 2201 Hull Rd., Fayetteville, NC 28303. The campus has a Public Safety and Security Office located on its main campus and can be reached at 910-678-8433. As FTCC does have its own safety and security department, the campus provides its own crime log, policies and procedures of safety related issues and maintains its own statistics on crime that occurs on campus. Campus safety maintains its own portal on the FTCC web site at: <http://www.faytechcc.edu/security/>

From this link, individuals can access matters relating to public safety on the campus of FTCC. To access FTCC's most recent *Annual Security Report*, links are provided on the public safety web page.

FTCC's counseling services has also compiled a list of telephone numbers for resources relating to sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking among other issues students of FTCC may have. The link to access these numbers is: http://www.faytechcc.edu/counseling_services/pdf/help_line_numbers.pdf

FAYETTEVILLE TECHNICAL COMMUNITY COLLEGE

PO BOX 35236 / 2201 Hull Road, Fayetteville, NC 28303 Phone: (910)678-8400



- | | | | |
|--|---|--|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. THOMAS R. MCLEAN ADMINISTRATION BUILDING (ADM) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ⇒ President - Rm. 1 ⇒ Cashier, Student Accts. - Rm. 107 & 109 2. PAUL H. THOMPSON LIBRARY (LRC) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ⇒ Library Reference - Rm. 104 ⇒ Library - Second Floor 3. CUMBERLAND HALL (CUH) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 3A. AUDITORIUM 4. LAFAYETTE HALL (LAH) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ⇒ Facility Services - Rm. 100A ⇒ Rose Garden Reservations - Rm. 100A 5. HORACE SISK BUILDING (HOS) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ⇒ Evening Office, Curriculum - Rm. 610F 5A. CULINARY DINING - Rm 700 (CAF) 5B. GYMNASIUM - Rm. 801 (GYM) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 6. NEILL CURRIE BUILDING (NCB) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ⇒ Continuing Education Registration ⇒ 3D Learning & Discovery Center - Rm. 7A 7. TONY RAND STUDENT CENTER (SDC) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ⇒ Admissions - Rm. 118 ⇒ Registrar Office - Rm. 114 ⇒ Financial Aid Office - Rm. 137 ⇒ VA Office - Rm. 119 ⇒ Counseling Services ⇒ Multipurpose Rooms - Rms. 9 & 11 8. CENTER FOR BUSINESS & INDUSTRY (CBI) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ⇒ Industry Training - Rm. 104 ⇒ Business Training - Rm. 106 ⇒ Small Business Center - Rm. 135 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 9. ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY CENTER (ATC) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ⇒ Computer Lab - Rm. 104 10. CONTINUING EDUCATION CENTER (CEC) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ⇒ Assessment Testing - Rm. 149 ⇒ Adult Basic Education - Rm. 201A ⇒ Adult High School Diploma - Rm. 203A ⇒ GED Testing - Rm. 205 11. HEALTH TECHNOLOGIES CENTER (HTC) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ⇒ Dental Clinic - Rm. 102 12. EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION CENTER (ECC) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ⇒ Day Care Center - Ground Floor 13. AUTO BODY SHOP COMPLEX (AUB) 14. SALON & SPA SERVICES EDUCATIONAL CENTER (SSEC) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 15. HARRY F. SHAW VIRTUAL COLLEGE CENTER (VCC) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ⇒ NC Information Highway Classroom - Rm. 101 ⇒ Audio Visual Check Out - Room 123 ⇒ Success Center - Rm. 232 16. SPRING LAKE CAMPUS (SLC) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ⇒ Admissions & Registrar - Rm. 101 ⇒ NC Information Highway Classroom - Rm. 119 ⇒ William S. Wellons, Sr. Memorial Auditorium - Rm. 121 17. HORTICULTURE EDUCATIONAL CENTER (HEC) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ⇒ Multipurpose Room - Rm. 102 18. ART DEPARTMENT (ART) 19. GENERAL CLASSROOM BUILDING (GCB) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ⇒ Security - Rm. 102 ⇒ Bookstore - Rm. 104 |
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Richmond Community College (RCC)

UNCP offers degree programs at RCC, located at 1042 West Hamlet Avenue, Hamlet, NC 28345. The main office location for the program is located on campus in the Lee Building, Room 26. The law enforcement agency that has jurisdiction over the campus is the Hamlet Police Department. To report a crime that is in progress or has occurred, or to report an emergency that is occurring on campus, the Hamlet Police Department's telephone number is 910-582-2551 or you can call 911.

RCC lists services that an individual should use in the event of a sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence or stalking that assists individuals who are victims of these crimes.

In Richmond County:

New Horizons 910-997-4840

Crisis (New Horizons) 910-557-5684

(Shelter for Women who have been Sexual Assaulted and/or have been involved in a Domestic Abuse situation.)

First Health Richmond Memorial Hospital 910-417-3000

Additional resources that RCC has listed for Richmond County can be found at:

<http://www.richmondcc.edu/cms-wfc/wp-content/uploads/2012/01/Resources-for-RCC-Students-Richmond.pdf>

In Scotland County:

Scotland Memorial Hospital 910-291-7000

Domestic Violence Rape Crisis Center 910-276-5505

of Scotland County (DVRCCSC)

DVRCCSC 24 Hour Crisis Line 910-276-6268

Additional resources that RCC has listed for Scotland County can be found at:

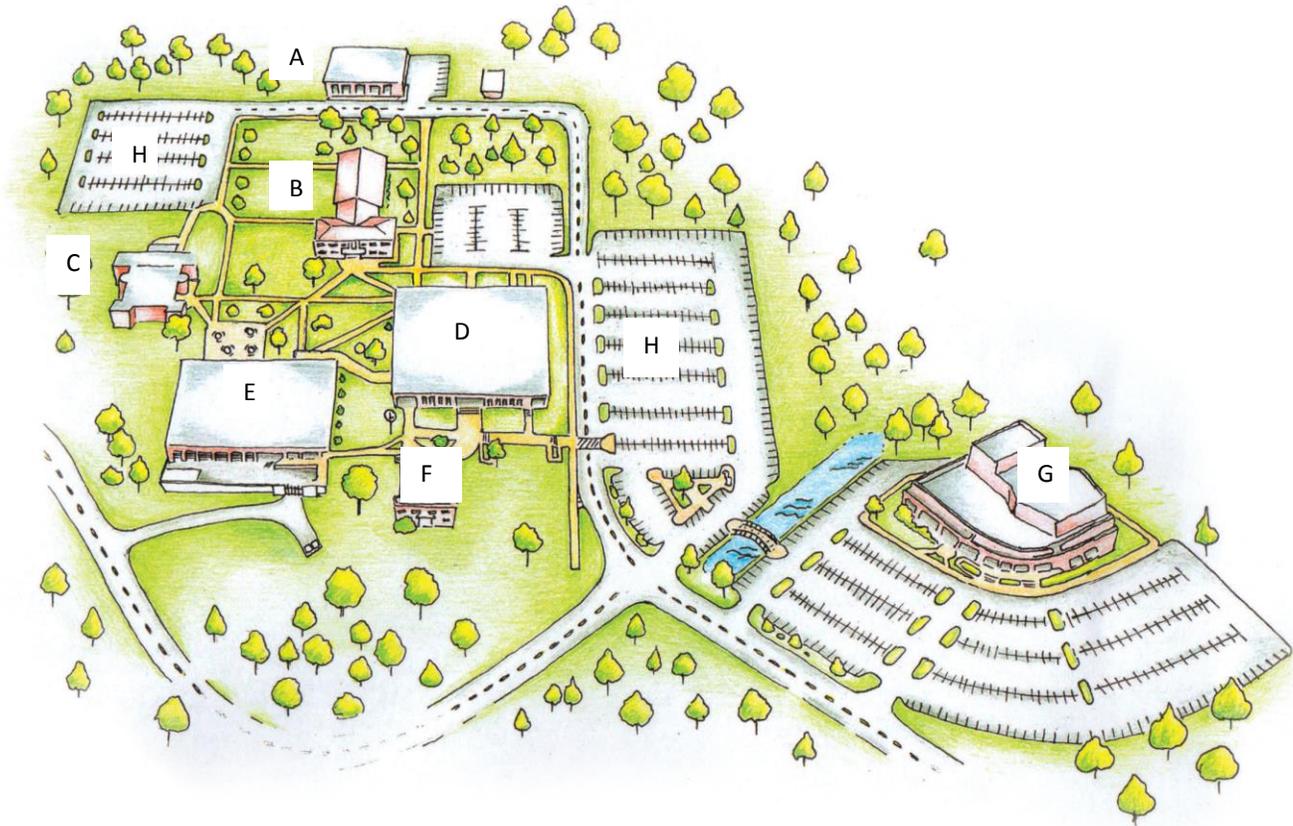
<http://www.richmondcc.edu/cms-wfc/wp-content/uploads/2012/01/Resources-for-RCC-Students.pdf>

RCC publishes its own *Annual Security Report* listing Clery reportable crimes that has occurred on its campus. The report can be found at: <http://www.richmondcc.edu/cms-wfc/wp-content/uploads/2012/06/Security-Report-2011-NEW-TEMPLATE-DUE-EVERY-MARCH.pdf>

Additionally, RCC publishes a Student Handbook where the following topics, among others, can be found: RCC's campus security policy, safety tips, drug and alcohol abuse and prevention information, sexual harassment policy, and RCC's inclement weather/emergency closing policy. Topics relating to safety, security, and procedures relating to student conduct and policy can be found at: <http://www.richmondcc.edu/cms-wfc/wp-content/uploads/2012/01/2014-2015-Student-Handbook.pdf> (pages 107-124).

Richmond Community College (RCC) Campus Map

- Building Legend
- A – Forte
 - B – Grimsley
 - C – Conder
 - D – Lee
 - E – Lindsey-Petris
 - F – DeWitt
 - G – Cole
 - H – Student Parking



Sandhills Community College (SCC)

UNCP offers degree programs at SCC, located at 3395 Airport Road, Pinehurst, NC 28374. The main office is located in Kennedy Hall, K156. UNCP degree program classes are held in Kennedy Hall, Little Hall, Van Dusen Hall, and Logan Hall. SCC maintains its own police and public safety department on campus and is located at 3395 Airport Road, Pinehurst, NC, on the second floor of the Dempsey Student Center. Contact the switchboard by dialing "0" from any campus phone dial 911, if necessary prior to notifying the switchboard; the telephone number for routine business calls is 910-695-3831.

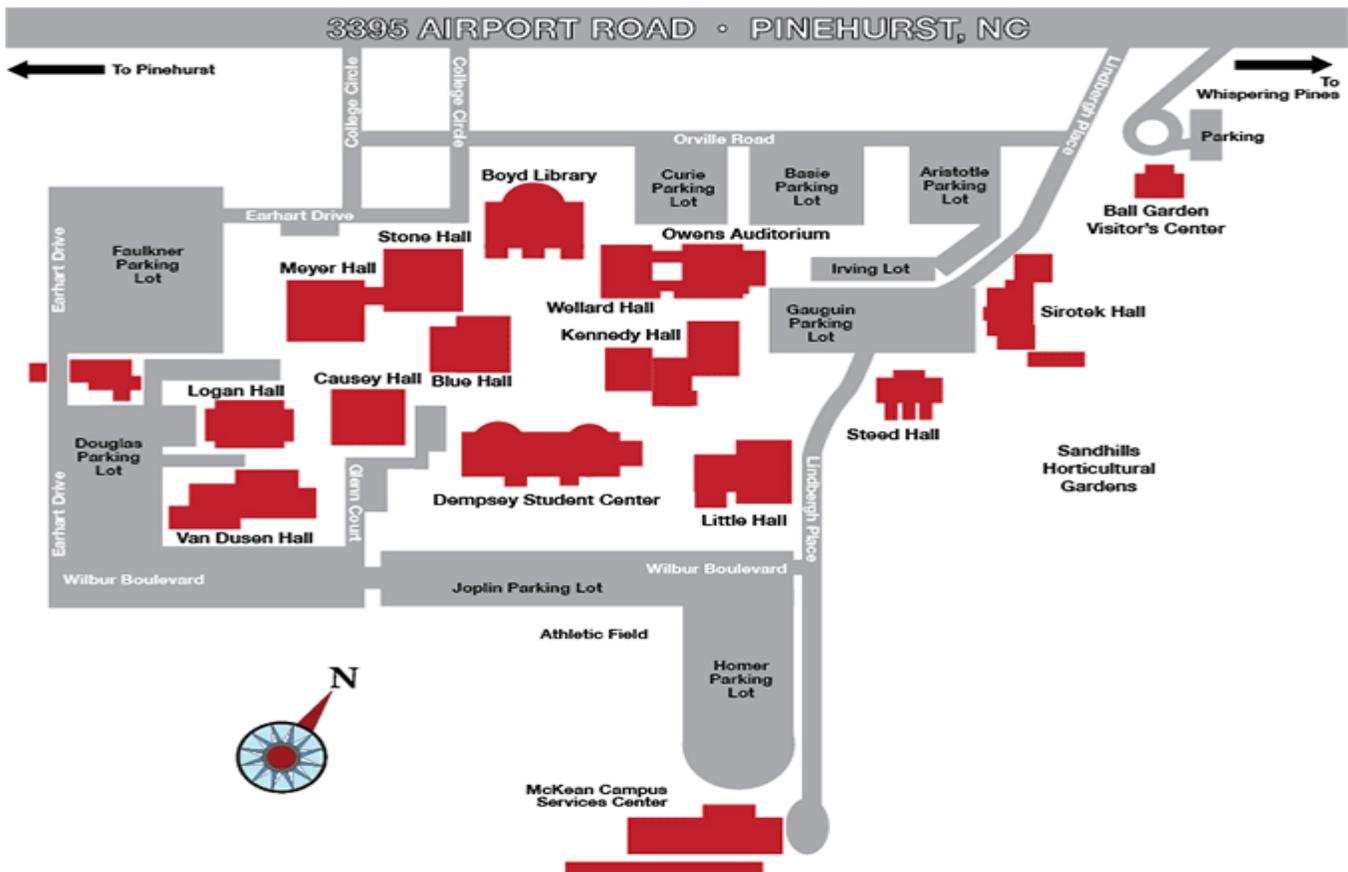
In the event a sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence or stalking incident occurs to an individual while on campus, the SCC Police and Public Safety should be contacted in addition to the following resources:

Friend to Friend – 24 hr. hotline 910-947-3333
Moore Regional Hospital 910-715-1000

In the event of an on-going emergency on campus or a threat of an emergency, SCC has in place a campus safety plan that it will initiate upon the confirmation of such a threat. The plan can be found at the following link: <http://www.sandhills.edu/security/EmergencyResponseProcedures.pdf>

SCC also maintains a web page on its website concerning public safety upon its campus. Information can be found on emergency response procedures, campus violence prevention policy, workplace violence campus safety procedures & awareness, domestic violence awareness & victim response & safety planning, SCCs Drug & Alcohol Policy and its Annual Security Report. The link to access this page is:

<http://www.sandhills.edu/security/>



UNCP Annual Fire Safety Report & Statistics

Introduction

The **Higher Education Opportunity Act**, enacted on August 14, 2008, requires institutions that maintain on-campus student housing facilities to publish an annual fire safety report that contains information about campus fire safety practices and standards of the institution. The Higher Education Opportunity Act places two safety-related requirements on institutions that participate in federal student financial aid programs, and are described as follows:

- **Fire Log** - Institutions must keep a fire log that states the nature of the fire, date, time, and general location of each fire in on-campus student housing facilities. UNCP complies with this rule by including all fire related incidents in the Daily Crime and Fire Log.
- **Annual Fire Safety Report** - Institutions with on-campus student housing facilities must publish annually a fire safety report that provides information about campus fire safety practices and standards. UNCP complies with this regulation by including all fire related incidents at on-campus student housing facilities as part of the *Annual Security and Fire Safety Report*. Information contained in this annual fire safety report includes: number and cause of fires at all on-campus student housing facilities; number of fire related deaths; related injuries; value of fire-related property damage; information on evacuation procedures; fire safety education and training programs; fire safety systems in each student housing facility; number of regular mandatory supervised drills; and policies and regulations on portable electrical appliances, smoking in and around buildings and possessing implements that emit open flames. The *Annual Security and Fire Safety Report* must include the prior three calendar years of data.

If a fire occurs in any building, building occupants should immediately dial *911* and then notify UNCP Police and Public Safety by dialing 910-521-6235. If a member of the UNCP community finds evidence of a fire that has been extinguished, and the person is not sure whether UNCP Police and Public Safety has already responded, the community member should immediately notify UNCP Police and Public Safety to alert them of evidence of the fire.

The fire alarm systems alert building occupants of potential hazards. Building occupants are required to heed an activated alarm system and evacuate a building immediately. Occupants should use the nearest available exit to evacuate the building. Occupants should familiarize themselves with the exits in each building. When a fire alarm is activated, the elevators in most buildings will automatically recall to a pre-designated fire safe floor. Occupants should use the stairs to evacuate the building and refrain from using the elevators. If caught in an elevator during a fire, push the emergency phone button. The emergency phones in elevators on campus route directly to Campus Police Communications where your situation is received.

Fire Protection Equipment/Systems

All residential buildings and university buildings are equipped with automatic fire detection and alarm systems, which are monitored by UNCP Police and Public Safety and a contracted alarm monitoring service, 24 hours a day, 365 days a year. The following details features for each residence hall and apartment complex concerning number of beds, type of fire detection and suppression equipment, building material, general procedures in the event of a fire, building specific evacuation procedures and number of emergency egress routes.

General Procedures in the Event of a Fire

- **Dial 911**
- Notify UNCP Police and Public Safety at 910-521-6235
- If you discover a small fire (e.g. trash can) and have no doubts as to your ability to extinguish it with a nearby extinguisher, sound the fire alarm *first*, call 911 and campus police at 521-6235 (or direct someone to do so) and try to extinguish the fire. Evacuate the area immediately.
- Make all attempts without hazarding your own safety to alert others to evacuate. Once outside, stand back **at least 300 feet from the building**.

Belk Hall



- 200 beds
- Sprinkled
- Smoke detectors/alarmed/linked
- Concrete and steel
- VCT throughout building
- 4 possible emergency egresses
- Residents evacuate the floor using alternate stairwell exits to avoid congestion in the stairwell
- 2nd, 4th, and 6th floor residents exit using the south side stairwell
- 3rd and 5th floor residents exit using the north side stairwell
- Evacuate the building using the *emergency doors* located off the north and south stairwells
- Once outside, residents proceed across Faculty Row and congregate between the buildings of D.F. Lowry and Sampson-Livermore Library **at least 300 feet away from the building**

North Hall



- 200 Beds
- Sprinkled
- Smoke detectors/alarmed/linked
- Concrete and steel
- VCT throughout building
- 4 possible emergency egresses
- Residents evacuate the floor using alternate stairwell exits to avoid congestion in the stairwell
- 2nd, 4th, and 6th floor residents exit using the south side stairwell
- 3rd and 5th floor residents exit using the north side stairwell
- Evacuate the building using the emergency doors located off the north and south stairwells
- Once outside, residents proceed across Faculty Row and congregate between the buildings of D.F. Lowry and Sampson-Livermore Library **at least 300 feet away from the building**

Oak Hall



- 360 beds
- Sprinkled
- Smoke detectors/alarmed/linked
- Concrete and steel
- VCT student rooms
- Carpeted hallways
- 4 possible emergency egresses
- Residents evacuate the floors using alternate stairwell exits to avoid congestion in the stairwell
- Residents on the 2nd floor exit using the east side stairwell and out the main entrance of the hall
- Residents on the 3rd and 4th floors exit using the west side stairwell and out the stairwell exit doors
- Once outside, residents congregate between the buildings of the University Center and the Jones Health and Physical Education Building **at least 300 feet away from the building**

Pine Hall



- 300 beds
- Sprinkled
- Smoke detectors/alarmed/linked
- Concrete and steel
- VCT student rooms
- Carpeted hallways
- 5 possible emergency egresses
- Residents evacuate the floors using alternating stairwell exits to avoid congestion in the stairwell
- Residents on the 2nd floor exit using the east side stairwell and out the stairwell exit doors
- Residents on the 3rd and 4th floors exit using the west side stairwell and out the stairwell exit doors
- Once outside, residents congregate at the area on the south side of Pine Hall and north side of West Hall **at least 300 feet away from the building**

Cypress Hall



- 476 beds
- Sprinkled
- Smoke detectors/alarmed/linked
- Concrete and steel
- Carpeted hallways and lounges
- VCT student rooms
- Ceramic lobby
- 6 possible emergency egresses
- Residents evacuate the floor using alternate stairwell exits to avoid congestion in the stairwell
- Residents on the 2nd and 5th floors exit using the north side stairwell and out the stairwell doors
- Residents on the 3rd and 4th floors exit using the south side stairwell and out the main entrance of the hall
- Once outside, congregate in the Village Apartments parking lot nearest to the Health Sciences Building **at least 300 feet away from the building**

Village Apartments



- 360 beds
- Sprinkled
- Smoke detectors/alarmed/linked
- Wood construction
- Carpeted resident rooms
- Konecto flooring living room
- 1 exit per apartment
- Residents evacuate the buildings using the stairwells located at the end of the buildings
- Building 100 residents congregate in the parking lot behind their building **at least 300 feet away from the building**
- Building 200 residents congregate in the parking lot in front of the community building **at least 300 feet away from the building**
- Building 300 residents congregate in the parking lot in front of the community building **at least 300 feet away from the building**
- Building 400 residents congregate in the parking lot in front of the community building **at least 300 feet away from the building**
- Building 500 residents

congregate in the parking lot in
front of the community building
**at least 300 feet away from
the building**

University Courtyard Apartments



- 339 beds
- Sprinkled
- Smoke detectors, no monitoring system for these units (backup batteries, hard-wired), not linked
- Wood construction
- Carpeted bedrooms and Konecto in common areas in 70% of the apartments; carpet in common areas of the remaining 30% from the original construction of these facilities
- 1 exit per apartment on upper floors with a balcony; ground level rooms could use the balcony as an emergency exit, but these areas have fixed railings on all balconies
- Panic button in each room
- Flip out, unrestricted windows (traditional home style) There are some additional fire safety ratings with hallway doors and sheer walls/load bearing walls, CPVC over steel piping for “fully engulfed buildings” and functional resident room windows
- Residents evacuate the buildings using the stairwells located at the end of the buildings
- Building 100 residents congregate in the parking lot in front of the community building **at least 300 feet away from the building**
- Building 200 residents congregate in the parking lot in front of the community building **at least 300 feet away from the building**
- Building 300 residents congregate in the parking lot in front of the community building **at least 300 feet away from the building**
- Building 400 residents congregate in the parking lot in front of the community building **at least 300 feet away from the building**
- Building 500 residents congregate in the parking lot in front of the community building **at least 300 feet away from the building**
- Building 600 residents congregate in the parking lot in front of the community building **at least 300 feet away from the building**

Procedures Following Evacuation from the Building

- Await arrival of the UNCP Police and Public Safety and the fire department **at least 300 feet away from the building**. Do not move toward the building as it may hinder the efforts of emergency personnel and if the building is on fire, explosions may occur and cause personal injury if at a close distance.
- The fire department will inspect the premises for the presence of a fire.
- Await the “all clear” signal from emergency officials prior to re-entry.
- Be sure to inform the University Resident Administrator and Resident Advisor if any fire extinguisher equipment was used or fire detection equipment was damaged as a result of the emergency situation, even if a staff member was present at the time of the emergency. This will assist with

equipment replacement.

- Contact the University Residence Administrator, Resident Advisor or the Housing Office if you have questions relative to a fire or other emergency situation that may exist in your area.

Health and Safety Inspections

Periodically, throughout the academic year, the staff will conduct health and maintenance inspections of the residents' rooms. The review is to be coordinated by the University Resident Administrators and Resident Advisors. The University Resident Administrator will announce, by posting signs, the day(s) and time period in which the inspection will be conducted. Due to the varying times to conduct an inspection in the rooms, a specific inspection time for each room cannot be established.

Health and maintenance inspections are not intended to be a violation of privacy. To ensure this, the following procedure has been established:

- The staff member will knock on each door and announce their name, position and intent
- If the student(s) are present, the staff will conduct the inspection
- In the event the student(s) do not respond, the staff member will knock again and announce themselves in the manner described above and upon the third attempt, they will announce that they are "keying into the room" to conduct the inspection. The staff member will leave the door open during the inspection then upon completion of the inspection make due notice that the inspection was conducted and lock and secure the door on their exiting the room.

During the inspection, the staff will conduct a visual inspection for the following:

- Items that will attract ants and other insects such as uncovered or unsealed food or beverage containers, empty food or beverage containers that need to be discarded, unwashed dishes, dirty sinks, toilets and showers
- Prohibited items such as electric frying pans, open coiled appliances, gas and electric grills, charcoal grills, oil lamps, electric or kerosene heaters, deep fat cookers and other implements where the use of grease is used to prepare food. **The following items are permitted:** crock pots, hot pots/plates, tea makers and air popcorn poppers. Hair care items such as hair dryers, curling irons, flat irons, and electric hair curlers are permitted but should not be left unattended when not in use. Microwaves in the student rooms (excluding Belk and North Halls) and in the common areas of all residence halls and apartments must be attended to and monitored when in use. In the apartments, use of cooking appliances is permitted in the kitchen area but must be attended to and monitored when in use.
- Unauthorized pets
- Fabric and/or paper touching ceiling lights or any other light in the room
- Overloaded circuits and the condition of the extension cords being used
- Items that block entry or exit from the room
- Damage and/or misuse of university property

Staff members are not to uncover anything without the permission of the resident(s) unless:

- The item is partially exposed due to a violation named above
- The covered item is connected to an electrical outlet
- The item of concern is that of an apparent violation

The staff will not judge the room for decorative purposes, but for health, maintenance and sanitary concerns as identified in the Housing Handbook and the UNCP Student Handbook. **A room that does not meet the acceptable health, maintenance, and sanitary standards will be re-inspected within 48 hours. Students who do not comply or who have damage to their area will be documented on an Incident Documentation Form.**

Appliance usage, storage of combustible and/or flammable materials

- Microwaves are not permitted in the rooms of Belk Hall and North Hall. For these buildings, each floor is provided with one microwave in the study lounge. In addition, a microwave is located in the TV lounge on the first floor
- Electric frying pans, open coiled appliances, gas or electric grills, charcoal grills, oil lamps, electric or kerosene heaters, deep fat cookers and other implements where the use of grease is used to prepare food is prohibited. **The following items are permitted:** crock pots, hot pots/plates, tea makers and air popcorn poppers
- Hair care items such as hair dryers, curling irons, flat irons, and electric hair curlers are permitted but should not be left unattended when not in use
- In Village and University Courtyard Apartments, cooking and use of related electrical appliances will be restricted to the kitchen area **only**
- Use UL approved electric power strips with 6 outlets, rated 15 amps and attached with a circuit breaker if at all possible. Keep approved electric strips away from water and primary travel areas. Never run cords under carpets or rugs or through doorways. Damage may occur to the cords creating a fire hazard.
- The number and type of electrical appliances used directly impacts the safety and convenience of residents. As appliance usage increases, power outages may result. Avoid use of multiple type adapters or “octopus attachments” on existing wall outlets. Use good judgment when using electrical appliances in the bathroom and other areas where water is present. Avoid the likelihood of electrical overloads and the risk of electric shock in these locations.
- Open flames are prohibited, such as candles and incense. Candles may be present (as long as the wick has not been burned) and used for decorative purposes only, and not intended for future use in the residence halls or apartments
- Storage of combustible materials is prohibited
- Halogen lamps are also prohibited

All residence halls are equipped with sprinkler systems throughout that protect all areas of the buildings. UNCP has policies which strictly prohibit the touching or hanging of item from sprinkler heads, tampering with smoke, fire or heat detection equipment, tampering with fire suppression equipment and tampering with fire alarm systems.

Emergency evacuation drills (fire drills) are conducted throughout the year to familiarize students, faculty, and staff with emergency procedures and individual roles. If an alarm does activate while you are in the building, do not ignore the alarm, treat it as if it were in fact an actual emergency as you may not know the circumstances surrounding the cause of the alarm.

UNCP is a Smoke Free Environment

UNCP is dedicated to maintaining a healthy work and learning environment. UNCP values the individual rights as well as the well-being of all its faculty, staff and students. On occasion a conflict arises between personal rights and community interests; one such conflict is the issue of smoking in and around campus buildings. North Carolina enacted legislation on July 1, 2007 concerning the right for universities to regulate smoking on properties owned or leased by a state university. The majority of buildings on the UNCP campus have been declared smoke free for several years. This policy expands the area and property that is declared smoke free to include, state owned vehicles owned and used by the campus, and a 100 ft. perimeter from each building on campus. Building interiors are also declared smoke free. Policy now dictates that smoking receptacles are to be moved from all building entrances and placed wherever possible beyond the 100 ft. perimeter requirement. This policy applies to all university visitors, students, and employees to include faculty, EPA non-faculty, staff and student employees. It is the responsibility of every member of the university community to conduct oneself in compliance with this policy.

UNCP Residential Fire Statistics

REPORTED FIRE STATISTICS FOR 2014

RESIDENCE HALL	Number of Fires	Date/Time	Cause of Fire	No. of Injuries Req. Med. Care	No. of Fire Related Deaths	Value of Property Damage
Belk Hall	0	0	0	0	0	0
North Hall	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oak Hall	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pine Hall	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cypress Hall	0	0	0	0	0	0
Village Apartments	0	0	0	0	0	0
University Courtyard Apartments	0	0	0	0	0	0

REPORTED FIRE STATISTICS FOR 2013

RESIDENCE HALL	Number of Fires	Date/Time	Cause of Fire	No. of Injuries Req. Med. Care	No. of Fire Related Deaths	Value of Property Damage
Belk Hall	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oak Hall	0	0	0	0	0	0
North Hall	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pine Hall	0	0	0	0	0	0
Village Apartments	0	0	0	0	0	0
University Courtyard Apartments	1	10-4-2013	Discarded charcoal on mulch	0	0	\$600
Wellons Hall	0	0	0	0	0	0
West Hall	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cypress Hall	0	0	0	0	0	0

REPORTED FIRE STATISTICS FOR 2012

RESIDENCE HALL	Number of Fires	Date/Time	Cause of Fire	No. of Injuries Req. Med. Care	No. of Fire Related Deaths	Value of Property Damage
Belk Hall	0	0	0	0	0	0
North Hall	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oak Hall	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pine Hall	0	0	0	0	0	0
Village Apartments	0	0	0	0	0	0
University Courtyard Apartments	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wellons Hall	0	0	0	0	0	0
West Hall	0	0	0	0	0	0